



Certified Capability List

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the *TALQ Certification Tool (v2.3.0-update.12)* on 2021-09-02 07:19:52.996 +0000.

The Capability List is a consolidated list of TALQ features which are implemented in a product.

The tool has successfully performed 51 tests.

Product details

Product Name CMS-WTG

Company Wellness TechGroup

Type CMS

URL

Notes Weight Manager CMS Software from Wellness Tech Group

Generated on 2021-09-02 07:19:52.996 +0000

Supported profiles

- Lighting

API version certified: 2.3.0

Certification performed by app version: 2.3.0-update.12

Capability list

Security

Enabled ✓

Functions

Basic

The Basic function describes the properties related to the physical asset to which the logical device is associated, such as identification (assetId) and location information.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	displayName	Display name of the asset.
✓	assetId	Customer identifier of the asset. If multiple devices have the same assetId it means they belong to the same asset.
✓	serial	Serial number of the device.
✓	hwType	Hardware type of the device.
✓	swVersion	Software version installed on the device.
✓	location	Latitude, Longitude and Altitude. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new LocationSensorFunction.location instead.]
✓	deviceReset	The physical device containing the logical device was reset.
✓	timeZone	Time zone of the device. Time zone may be expressed in two formats. <timezone> where <timezone> is a time zone as defined in the zone.tab of the IANA timezone database [IANA]; and stdoffset[dst[offset][,start[/time],end[/time]]] as defined by the Open Group for posix systems [POSIX]. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TimeFunction.timeZone instead.]
✓	currentTime	Current time of the device defined as local time with time zone designator. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TimeFunction.currentTime instead.]

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	deviceReset	The physical device containing the logical device was reset
✓	batteryMode	Device operating in battery mode
✓	installationMode	Device is being installed
✓	maintenanceMode	Device is undergoing maintenance
✓	cabinetDoorOpen	Cabinet door is open. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new SegmentMonitor.cabinetDoorOpen instead.]
✓	batteryShutdown	Indicates the device has shut down due to battery discharge
✓	locationUpdated	Indicates the location of a device has changed.

Communication

The Communication Function contains attributes related to the communication within the ODN, and between ODN devices and Gateways. Although communication within the ODN is outside the scope of the TALQ Smart City Protocol, this Function enables access to a minimum set of configuration and state information of the ODN communication interface in order to facilitate system management from the CMS.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	communicationType	Type of communication technology implemented by the ODN (e.g. power line, wireless).
✓	logicalAddress	Logical address for communication within the ODN scope (IP address, Short Address, ...).
✓	altLogicalAddress	Additional logical address used for communication within the ODN, for instance, group communication address (not a TALQ group address).
✓	physicalAddress	Physical address of the device. For example, IEEE MAC address. This attribute can be used to map between logical and physical devices. The format is specific to the ODN implementation.
✓	parentAddress	TALQ Address of the parent device, e.g. gateway. It shall point to a specific communication function.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	communicationFailure	This event is generated by the ODN when the communication function is not operating as expected

Gateway

The Gateway function includes the necessary attributes to enable the communication between the CMS and the Gateway according to the TALQ Specification.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	cmsUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the Gateway to access the CMS. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing CMS can be relative to this base.
✓	cmsAddress	CMS UUID address
✓	gatewayUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the CMS to access the Gateway. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing Gateway can be relative to this base.
✓	gatewayAddress	Gateway UUID address

✓ retryPeriod	Time duration before the Gateway retransmits a message for which expected response has not been received.
✓ crlUrn	URI where the Gateway can obtain the Certification Revocation List (CRL).
✓ vendor	Vendor identification.

Lamp Actuator

The Lamp Actuator function includes attributes related to lighting control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes. In practice, however, a Lamp Actuator function can control combinations of several lamps and control gear but all in the same way, as if they are all one individual unit.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	lampTypeId	TALQ Address of an existing lampType.
✓	defaultLightState	Sets the default light output for the lamp actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active. This attribute shall be set to 100% as default value.
✓	targetLightCommand	Latest command for the lamp actuator.
✓	feedbackLightCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualLightState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.
✓	actualLightState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the light source as much as possible, including factors such as CLO. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓	calendarID	TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this lamp actuator. If this attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	lightStateChange	Light state has changed
✓	invalidCalendar	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a calendar that it cannot implement
✓	invalidProgram	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a control program that it cannot implement

Lamp Monitor

The Lamp Monitor function enables monitoring of lamp parameters. A Lamp Monitor function should be associated with a specific lamp/control gear combination. Multiple lamp monitor functions may be implemented by a single device.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	lampTypeId	TALQ Address of an existing lamp type. If not set to a valid value, this shall be the lamp type used in the lamp actuator. If this attribute is not supported in the implementation, the lamp monitor shall use the lamp type specified in the corresponding lamp actuator.
✓	monitoringReference	Name of the entity (or physical device) being monitored by this function.
✓	numberOfLamps	Number of lamps being monitored by the lamp monitor function.
✓	operatingHours	Number of hours the lamp is on. This is the value used in CLO and may be set by the CMS.
✓	temperature	Temperature of the device implementing this function. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature instead.]
✓	supplyVoltage	RMS supply volts when supplyType is AC, supply voltage (V) when supplyType is DC.
✓	supplyCurrent	RMS supply current (A) when supplyType is AC, supply current (A) when supplyType is DC.
✓	activePower	Active power.
✓	reactivePower	Reactive power.
✓	powerFactor	Active power/Apparent power.
✓	powerFactorSense	Phase sense of power factor.
✓	activeEnergy	Cumulative active energy (since installation or counter reset).

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	lampPowerTooHigh	Lamp power is greater than expected lamp power + lampPowerTolerance
✓	lampPowerTooLow	Lamp power is smaller than expected lamp power - lampPowerTolerance
✓	lampVoltageTooHigh	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is greater than highLampVoltageThreshold.
✓	lampVoltageTooLow	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is smaller than lowLampVoltageThreshold.
✓	currentTooHigh	Supply current is above the highCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type

✓ currentTooLow	Supply current is below the lowCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type
✓ powerFactorTooLow	The power factor is below powerFactorThreshold
✓ lampFailure	The lamp is not operating as it is supposed to
✓ highTemperature	Indicates temperature is above the high threshold
✓ relayFailure	Set in case of internal relay is failing
✓ absoluteLampPowerTooHigh	Indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type
✓ absoluteLampPowerTooLow	Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type
✓ controlGearCommFailure	Indicates failure of the control gear
✓ cyclingFailure	Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner
✓ supplyLoss	Indicates loss of mains power
✓ contactorError	Indicates error in contactor
✓ lampUnexpectedOn	Indicates lamp is unexpectedly on
✓ leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected

Electrical Meter

The electrical meter function supports electrical metering capabilities including measurements of voltage, current, power, energy, and power factor. This function may be associated with Luminaire Controllers, Cabinet Controllers or electrical meters installed in switch boxes. ODNs may implement both single phase and three phase meters. Typically meters within a control device will be single phase and stand-alone meters. A street side cabinet may have single phase or three phase meters.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	totalPowerHighThreshold	Power above which the totalPowerTooHigh event is triggered.
✓	totalPowerLowThreshold	Power below which the totalPowerTooLow event is triggered.
✓	phase1PowerfactorLowThreshold	Phase 1 power factor below which the phase1PowerfactorTooLow event is triggered.
✓	phase2PowerfactorLowThreshold	Phase 2 power factor below which the phase2PowerfactorTooLow event is triggered.
✓	phase3PowerfactorLowThreshold	Phase 3 power factor below which the phase3PowerfactorTooLow event is triggered.
✓	phase1VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase1VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.

✓ phase1VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase1VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase2VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase2VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase2VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase2VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase3VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase3VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase3VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase3VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase1CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase1CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase1CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase1CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase2CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase2CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase2CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase2CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase3CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase3CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase3CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase3CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase1ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase1ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase2ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase2ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase2ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.
✓ phase3ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase3ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ phase3ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase3ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.
✓ totalPower	Sum of the active power consumed on phase 1, 2 and 3, or just the power for a single phase meter.
✓ totalVA	Sum of the apparent power consumed on phase 1, 2 and 3, or just the apparent power for a single phase meter.
✓ totalVAR	Sum of the reactive power consumed on phase 1, 2 and 3, or just the reactive power for a single phase meter.

✓ totalActiveEnergy	Total cumulative kWh measured by the meter since installation date (or counter reset).
✓ totalPowerFactor	Total active power divided by total apparent power.
✓ phase1PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 1.
✓ phase2PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 2.
✓ phase3PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 3.
✓ supplyVoltage	Average between Phase1 RMS Voltage, Phase2 RMS Voltage and Phase3 RMS Voltage, or in the case of a single phase meter just the RMS supply voltage.
✓ phase1Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 1 and neutral.
✓ phase2Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 2 and neutral.
✓ phase3Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 3 and neutral.
✓ totalCurrent	Sum of the RMS currents on phase 1, 2 and 3.
✓ averageCurrent	Average RMS current on phase 1, 2 and 3.
✓ phase1Current	RMS current on phase 1.
✓ phase2Current	RMS current on phase 2.
✓ phase3Current	RMS current on phase 3.
✓ phase1ActivePower	Active Power on phase 1.
✓ phase2ActivePower	Active Power on phase 2.
✓ phase3ActivePower	Active Power on phase 3.
✓ phase1ApparentPower	Apparent Power on phase 1.
✓ phase2ApparentPower	Apparent Power on phase 2.
✓ phase3ApparentPower	Apparent Power on phase 3.
✓ phase1ReactivePower	Reactive Power on phase 1.
✓ phase2ReactivePower	Reactive Power on phase 2.
✓ phase3ReactivePower	Reactive Power on phase 3.
✓ phase1ActiveEnergy	Cumulative active energy on phase 1.
✓ phase2ActiveEnergy	Cumulative active energy on phase 2.
✓ phase3ActiveEnergy	Cumulative active energy on phase 3.
✓ phase1VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is above the phase1SupplyVoltageHighThreshold.
✓ phase1VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is below the phase1SupplyVoltageLowThreshold.
✓ phase1CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 1 current is above the phase1CurrentHighThreshold.
✓ phase1CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 current is below the phase1CurrentLowThreshold.

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| ✓ phase1ActivePowerTooHigh | Indicates the phase 1 active power is above the phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold. |
| ✓ phase1ActivePowerTooLow | Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold. |

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	totalPowerTooHigh	Indicates total power is above the totalPowerHighThreshold
✓	totalPowerTooLow	Indicates total power is below the totalPowerLowThreshold
✓	phase1VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is above the phase1SupplyVoltageHighThreshold
✓	phase1VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is below the phase1SupplyVoltageLowThreshold
✓	phase1CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 1 current is above the phase1CurrentHighThreshold
✓	phase1CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 current is below the phase1CurrentLowThreshold
✓	phase1ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 1 active power is above the phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold
✓	phase1ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold
✓	phase2VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is above the phase2SupplyVoltageHighThreshold
✓	phase2VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is below the phase2SupplyVoltageLowThreshold
✓	phase2CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 2 current is above the phase2CurrentHighThreshold
✓	phase2CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 2 current is below the phase2CurrentLowThreshold
✓	phase2ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 2 active power is above the phase2ActivePowerHighThreshold
✓	phase2ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 2 active power is below the phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold
✓	phase3VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is above the phase3SupplyVoltageHighThreshold
✓	phase3VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is below the phase3SupplyVoltageLowThreshold
✓	phase3CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 3 current is above the phase3CurrentHighThreshold
✓	phase3CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 3 current is below the phase3CurrentLowThreshold

- ✓ **phase3ActivePowerTooHigh** Indicates the phase 3 active power is above the **phase3ActivePowerHighThreshold**
- ✓ **phase3ActivePowerTooLow** Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the **phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold**

Photocell

A Photocell function models the capabilities of a photocell that can be used for lighting control. This function shall be supported by the CMS and optionally by the ODNs (Gateway).

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	onLevel	Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to on state.
✓	offLevel	Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to off state.
✓	photocellOutput	Output state of the photocell. Possible values are ON (means the illuminance level has fallen below the onLevel) and OFF (means the illuminance level has risen above the offLevel).

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	photocellOutputOn	The photocell output has changed to ON

Binary Sensor

A Binary Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides a digital, binary output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	level	Sensor Output level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	sensorOutputOn	Indicates the sensor output changed to ON

Generic Sensor

A Generic Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides an analog or multilevel output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	levelHighThreshold	Threshold above which a levelTooHigh event is triggered.
✓	levelLowThreshold	Threshold below which a levelTooLow event is triggered.
✓	level	Sensor Output level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	levelTooHigh	Indicates the sensor output level is above the levelHighThreshold
✓	levelTooLow	Indicates the sensor output level is below the levelLowThreshold

Generic Actuator

The Generic Actuator function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	defaultState	Sets the default state output for the generic actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active.
✓	actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓	targetCommand	Latest command for the generic actuator.
✓	feedbackCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.
✓	calendarID	TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this generic actuator. If this attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	stateChange	The state has changed.
✓	invalidCalendar	This event is generated when a calendar has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
✓	invalidProgram	This event is generated when a control program has been allocated and can not be implemented it.

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| ✓ programChange | This event is generated when the control program applicable to the actuator has changed. |
| ✓ calendarChange | This event is generated when the calendar applicable to the actuator has changed. |
| ✓ targetCommandChange | This event is generated when the targetCommand has changed. |

Temperature Sensor

The Temperature Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the temperature in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	temperatureHighThreshold	Threshold above which a temperatureTooHigh event is triggered.
✓	temperatureLowThreshold	Threshold below which a temperatureTooLow event is triggered.
✓	fireDetectionThreshold	Threshold above which a fireDetected event is triggered.
✓	temperature	Output temperature.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	temperatureTooHigh	Indicates the output temperature is above the temperatureHighThreshold.
✓	temperatureTooLow	Indicates the output temperature is below the temperatureLowThreshold.
✓	fireDetected	Indicates the output temperature is above the fireDetectionThreshold.

Humidity Sensor

The Humidity Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the humidity in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	humidityLowThreshold	talq.feature.attribute.HumiditySensorFunction.humidityLowThreshold.desc
✓	humidityHighThreshold	Threshold above which a humidityTooHigh event is triggered.
✓	humidity	Output humidity.

Events

#	Event type	Description
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- ✓ humidityTooHigh Indicates the output humidity is above the humidityHighThreshold.

Presence Sensor

The Presence Sensor function allows a CMS to detect presence. This function may be used in Parking Place detectors as well as in dynamic outdoor lighting scenario.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	presenceStatus	Presence status.

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	presenceStatusChanged	Indicates the presence status changed.

Solar Battery Charger*

A solar battery charger is used to charge a battery with solar energy. Typical use cases are energy demanding off-grid applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	inputVoltage	Measured DC voltage of the charger input (V).
✓	inputCurrent	Measured DC current of the charger input (A).
✓	outputVoltage	Output voltage (V).
✓	outputCurrent	Output current (A).
✓	chargerTemperature	Measured temperature of the charger circuit (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Charger instead.]
✓	PVTemperature	Measured temperature of the attached photovoltaic module (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=PVT instead.]
✓	accumulatedEnergy	Accumulated energy yield since accumulatedSince (Wh).

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| ✓ startChargeInputVoltage | Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall start charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and the value is the voltage. |
| ✓ endChargeInputVoltage | Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall cease charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and the value is the voltage. |
| ✓ highTemperatureThreshold | Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.] |
| ✓ lowTemperatureThreshold | Threshold above which the lowTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooLowThreshold instead.] |
| ✓ highPowerThreshold | Threshold above which the highPower event is triggered (W). |
| ✓ accumulatedSince | Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedEnergy is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation. |

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	highTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is above the high temperature threshold.
✓	lowTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is below the low temperature threshold.
✓	highPower	Indicates the power exceeds highPowerThreshold.
✓	charging	Indicates whether the battery is being charged.

Battery Management System*

A battery management system is used to monitor the charging and discharging of a battery and protect the battery. Typical use cases are (off-grid) applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more, where the battery is charged and discharged on a regular basis.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
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✓ batteryChemistry	Attribute to define the battery chemistry. (e.g.: Lead Acid, Lithium-Iron-Phosphate (LiFePO4), Nickel-Metal-Hydrid (NiMH), Lithium-Titanate-Oxide (LTO), ...)
✓ nominalVoltage	Attribute to set the nominal voltage of the battery in V (at room temperature). This can be used to calculate the capacity and to configure the BMS.
✓ nominalCapacity	Attribute to set the nominal capacity of the battery in Ah (at room temperature).
✓ batteryVoltage	Measurement of the battery voltage in V
✓ batteryCurrent	Measurement of the battery current in A. This value can be negative due to polarity.
✓ batteryLevel	Percentage
✓ estimatedCapacity	This attribute gives an estimated remaining capacity of the battery in Ah. This depends very much on the wear and age of the battery.
✓ temperature	Temperature at the battery in C. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Battery instead.]
✓ batteryEOCVoltageTemperatureMap	End of charge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
✓ batteryEODVoltageTemperatureMap	End of discharge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
✓ batteryFullThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is full.
✓ batteryEmptyThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is empty.
✓ overCurrentChargeThreshold	Maximum charge current threshold (A)
✓ overCurrentDischargeThreshold	Maximum discharge current threshold (A)
✓ highTemperatureThreshold	Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.]

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	batteryFull	Indicates that the battery is full.
✓	batteryEmpty	Indicates that the battery is empty.
✓	overCurrentCharge	Indicates that the charge current is higher than the threshold.
✓	overCurrentDischarge	Indicates that the discharge current is higher than the threshold.

- ✓ highTemperature Indicates that the measured temperature is higher than the threshold.

Location Sensor*

The Location Sensor Function is used to indicate that an object has changed position attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. For example, a specific location (latitude, longitude) of a device could be defined by the vendor. If the device is equipped with a GPS, it could send a specific event indicating that its position is different to the one defined by the CMS. We might also want to let the configuration to the vendor itself and simply define events notifying the CMS that the default configuration has changed. For example, a garbage bin could have its location defined based on a sensor placed on the floor. If the bin is not above this sensor, the vendor will trigger an event. In this last case, the CMS does not need to configure anything.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	expectedLocation	Nominal location of the device
✓	locationChangedThreshold	Distance (meters)
✓	location	Location of the device

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	locationChanged	Triggered when the difference between location and expectedLocation is above locationChangedThreshold

Accelerometer*

The Accelerometer Function is used to indicate that an object has had an impact with another object and to report its acceleration.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold	Threshold for acceleration above which impactDetected is triggered (g)
✓	accelerationSamplingPeriod	In seconds
✓	accelerationX	Maximum acceleration on the X axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
✓	accelerationY	Maximum acceleration on the Y axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
✓	accelerationZ	Maximum acceleration on the Z axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
✓	acceleration	Maximum acceleration of the device (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	impactDetected	Indicates that the acceleration is above impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold

Orientation*

The Orientation function is used to indicate that an object has changed orientation based on attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. The target orientation of the object could be configured by the CMS or could be handled by the vendor. In the latter case, the configuration is let to the vendor itself and events are triggered depending on internal configuration.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	expectedOrientation	Nominal orientation of the device
✓	orientationChangedThreshold	Threshold above which orientationChanged is triggered
✓	orientation	Orientation of the device

Events

#	Event type	Description
✓	orientationChanged	Triggered when orientation differs from expectedOrientation by more than orientationChangedThreshold on any angle, or when the device determines itself that its orientation has changed.

Services

Configuration Service

The TALQ Configuration Service enables discovery and configuration of devices and services

Options

#	Option	Value	Description
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Control Service

The Control service describes the mechanisms to operate the actuator functions in order to enable schedule based and override control

Options

#	Option	Value	Description
✓	supportedTypes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AbsoluteActivePeriod AstroClockActivePeriod* AstroClockTimeControl* DynamicControl* SensorActivePeriod* 	Control Program and calendar options supported are defined by announcing support for the given modes
✓	dayOffset	• 0	Offset of start of day

Events

#	Event Type	Description
✓	invalidCalendar	An invalid calendar has been provided by the CMS to the ODN
✓	invalidProgram	A control program has been provided by the CMS, which cannot be implemented by the ODN

Data Collection Service

The TALQ Data Collection Service is a provision to configure how ODN measurements, status information and events are logged, and when or under what conditions the logged data is transferred to the CMS

Options

#	Option	Value	Description
✓	supportedModes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EventRecordingMode PeriodicRecordingMode VendorRecordingMode* ImmediateReportingMode ScheduledReportingMode 	Recording and Reporting modes supported

Events

#	Event Type	Description
✓	invalidLoggerConfig	The CMS has provided a data logger configuration that cannot be implemented by the ODN

On Demand Data Request Service

This service provides the mechanism to access attributes in the logical devices by requesting attribute values from the ODN

Group Management Service

This service provides the mechanisms to define and manage groups

Options

#	Option	Value	Description
✓	maximumNumberOfGroups		Maximum number of groups per Gateway
✓	maximumGroupSize		Maximum number of group members per group

Test Service

This service provides a mechanism to reduce the human intervention during the certification tests, enabling the certification tests to maximise automation

Objects

Lamp type

Properties

#	Property	Description
✓	name	Descriptive name of the lamp type
✓	address	TALQ Address of the lamp type
✓	wattage	Expected consumed power of the lamp and control gear
✓	controlType	Type of control/dimming interface between the lamp actuator function and the control gear or within the control gear in case lamp actuator is embedded in the control gear

Event log data

Properties

#	Property	Description
✓	eventType	Identifier of event reported
✓	srcAddress	Address of Logical device or function within a logical device which is the source of the event or to which this event applies
✓	startEndFlag	If the event denotes either the start or end of a 'special' period, this flag shall be included
✓	info	a string providing more information on the event
✓	attributes	A sequence of attribute values logged together with the event

Command

Properties

#	Property	Description
✓	state	Light state to be applied to the lamp actuator
✓	reason	Indicates the command was triggered by override, sensor or control program
✓	cmsRefId	CMS reference, which can be used for data logging
✓	refAddress	Reference to the source of the command, e.g. sensor or control program
✓	start	Time when the control action resulting from command shall start. This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to start an override action. If not specified, the override command starts immediately.
✓	expiration	Time when the control action resulting from command shall be terminated. This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to stop an override action. After the expiration of an override command, the system should go back to the state defined by the active control program. If not specified, there is no expiration for the override command.
✓	rampToLevelTime*	The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified level. The change will be finished rampToLevelTime seconds after: the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the reception of the request, or the command.start time attribute, if the change comes from an override command, or; the sensor event is raised if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is received, the subsequent command shall take precedence.
✓	rampFromLevelTime*	The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified level. The change will be finished rampFromLevelTime seconds after: the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the reception of the request if the change comes from an override command; expiry of the related command, or; the sensor event is lowered and the hold time subsequently expires if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is received, the subsequent command shall take precedence.


Group

Properties

#	Property	Description
✓	address	Group address
✓	members	TALQ Addresses of members of the group
✓	purpose	Main purpose of the group

: The Certification Test Tool is designed to provide a high level of confidence that complementary systems can communicate successfully. As both the protocol and the test tool evolve, all mandatory and other core tests are confirmed by comparison with real-life scenarios (plug-fest or similar). Some tests of optional and more peripheral features may not yet have been confirmed in this way; such features are identified with an asterisk ().

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the TALQ Certification Tool (v2.3.0-update.12) on 2021-09-02 07:19:52.996 +0000.

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