

# **Certified Capability List**

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the *TALQ Certification Tool (v2.5.1-online.3-vpf-2) on* 2024-07-23 17:13:16.422 +0200.

The Capability List is a consolidated list of TALQ features which are implemented in a product.

The tool has succesfully performed 107 tests.

# **Product details**

**Product Name** Cumulocity WSO2

Company Cité Gestion

Type CMS

URL https://gateway.am.wso2.aks-cluster-shared-

services.citegestion.com/talq-cms-api/1.1

**Notes** 

**Generated on** 2024-07-23 17:13:16.422 +0200

Supported profiles

Environmental Monitoring

Lighting

Lighting Asset Management

Smart Parking

· Smart Traffic

Waste Management

API version certified: 2.5.1

**Certification performed by** 2.5.1-online.3-vpf-2

app version:

# Capability list

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# **Security**

Enabled 🗸

# **Functions**

#### Basic

The Basic function describes the properties related to the physical asset to which the logical device is associated, such as identification (assetId) and location information.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ displayName	Display name of the asset.
✓ assetId	Customer identifier of the asset. If multiple devices have the same assetId it means they belong to the same asset.
✓ serial	Serial number of the device.
<b>✓</b> hwType	Hardware type of the device.
✓ hwVersion	Hardware revision of the device.
<b>✓</b> swType	Software type of device. This attribute may be useful if the same hardware supports multiple firmware versions with different functions.
✓ swVersion	Software version installed on the device.
✓ installationDate	The installation date of Physical Device.
✓ location	Latitude, Longitude and Altitude. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release Please use the new LocationSensorFunction.location instead.]
✓ deviceReset	The physical device containing the logical device was reset.
✓ softwareUpdating	Indicates software updating is in progress.
✓ hardwareUpdating	Indicates that hardware associated with this logical device has been updated. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new hardwareUpdated instead.]
✓ hardwareUpdated	Indicates that hardware associated with this logical device has been updated.
✓ batteryMode	Device operating in battery mode.
✓ installationMode	Device is being installed.

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Device is undergoing maintenance, where maintenance may include hardware or software related maintenance actions.

✓ maintenanceMode

		morado naraware or sortware related maintenance detrone.
/	batteryShutdown	Indicates the device has shut down due to battery discharge.
•	locationUpdated	Indicates the location of a device has changed, but detecting the change is outside the scope of the TALQ Specification.  [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new LocationSensorFunction.locationChanged instead.]
<b>/</b>	timeZone	Time zone of the device. Time zone may be expressed in two formats. <timezone> where <timezone> is a time zone as defined in the zone.tab of the IANA timezone database [IANA]; and stdoffset[dst[offset][,start[/time],en d[/time]]] as defined by the Oper Group for posix systems [POSIX]. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release Please use the new TimeFunction.timeZone instead.]</timezone></timezone>
✓ currentTime		Current time of the device defined as local time with time zone designator. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TimeFunction.currentTime instead.]
/	commandConfirma	tion Allows the CMS to reboot, factory reset or configuration reset of the device. Before rebooting or resetting the device this attribute has to be true. Default value = false
/	reboot	Reboot the device. This operational attribute requires the commandConfirmation attribute value to be set to true.
/	factoryReset	Reset the device to factory settings. This operational attribute requires the commandConfirmation attribute value to be set to true
/	configurationReset	Reset the device configuration settings. This operational attribute requires the commandConfirmation attribute value to be set to true
/	operatingHours	Number of operating hours of the device.
	ents	Decarintian
‡ 	Event type	Description  The physical device containing the legical device was react.
_	deviceReset softwareUpdating	The physical device containing the logical device was reset  Indicates software updating is in progress
/	hardwareUpdated	Indicates software updating is in progress  Indicates that hardware associated with this logical device has been updated
/	batteryMode	Device operating in battery mode
/	installationMode	Device is being installed
/	maintenanceMode	Device is undergoing maintenance

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<b>~</b>	batteryShutdown	Indicates the device has shut down due to battery discharge
<b>~</b>	locationUpdated	Indicates the location of a device has changed.

#### Communication

The Communication Function contains attributes related to the communication within the ODN, and between ODN devices and Gateways. Although communication within the ODN is outside the scope of the TALQ Smart City Protocol, this Function enables access to a minimum set of configuration and state information of the ODN communication interface in order to facilitate system management from the CMS.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
communicationType	Type of communication technology implemented by the ODN (e.g. power line, wireless).
✓ logicalAddress	Logical address for communication within the ODN scope (IP address, Short Address,).
✓ altLogicalAddress	Additional logical address used for communication within the ODN, for instance, group communication address (not a TALQ group address).
✓ physicalAddress	Physical address of the device. For example, IEEE MAC address. This attribute can be used to map between logical and physical devices. The format is specific to the ODN implementation.
✓ parentAddress	TALQ Address of the parent device, e.g. gateway. It shall point to a specific communication function.
✓ timeToLive	Number of times a packet can be forwarded within the ODN.
✓ repeatingEnabled	Describes whether repeating functionality is enabled at the device.
✓ transmitPower	Transmit power used by the device within the ODN.
✓ numberOfHops	Number of hops between the gateway and the ODN device represented by the device including this function.
✓ communicationQuality	Indicator of the quality of the communication with the device. 100% means good quality.
✓ communicationFailure	This attribute is updated by the ODN when the communication function is not operating as expected.
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the communication function depending on the use case. E.g.: PL Communication Monitor

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	communicationFailure	This event is generated by the ODN when the communication function is not operating as expected

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# Gateway

The Gateway function includes the necessary attributes to enable the communication between the CMS and the Gateway according to the TALQ Specification.

# **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	cmsUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the Gateway to access the CMS. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing CMS can be relative to this base.
<b>~</b>	cmsAddress	CMS UUID address
<b>~</b>	gatewayUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the CMS to access the Gateway. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing Gateway can be relative to this base.
<b>~</b>	gatewayAddress	Gateway UUID address
<b>~</b>	gatewayRetryPeriod	Time duration before the Gateway retransmits a message for which the expected response has not been received. This attribute can be used by the CMS to avoid requests overload. Although this attribute will be mandatory for Gateway in future MAJOR versions, to keep backward compatibility it is considered optional for the existing profiles.
<b>✓</b>	cmsRetryPeriod	Time duration before the CMS retransmits a message for which the expected response has not been received. This attribute car be used by the Gateway to avoid requests overload. Although this attribute will be mandatory for CMS in future MAJOR versions, to keep backward compatibility it is considered optional for the existing profiles.
<b>~</b>	gatewayNumberOfRetries	Maximum number of retries for a failed request sent by the Gateway for which expected response has not been received. Default value shall be 3. This attribute can be used by the CMS to avoid requests overload. Although this attribute will be mandatory for Gateway in future MAJOR versions, to keep backward compatibility it is considered optional for the existing profiles.
~	cmsNumberOfRetries	Maximum number of retries for a failed request sent by the CMS for which expected response has not been received. Default value shall be 3. This attribute can be used by the Gateway to avoid requests overload. Although this attribute will be mandatory for CMS in future MAJOR versions, to keep backward compatibility it is considered optional for the existing profiles.
<b>~</b>	crlUrn	URI where the Gateway can obtain the Certification Revocation List (CRL).

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✓ currentReleaseId	Release ID of currently deployed release. This is used in the data package service.
✓ newCmsAttached	This attribute is updated if, prior to the current bootstrap, one or more other CMS were already attached. Support for more than one CMS is optional.

# **Lamp Actuator**

The Lamp Actuator function includes attributes related to lighting control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes. In practice, however, a Lamp Actuator function can control combinations of several lamps and control gear but all in the same way, as if they are all one individual unit.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ lampTypeld	TALQ Address of an existing lampType.
✓ outputPort	Identifier of the output port that is controlled by the lamp actuator.
✓ standbyMode	Defines the behavior of the lamp actuator when output level is set to zero. If OFF, light output level is zero with no power to the lamp control gear. If ON, light output level is zero but power is delivered to the lamp control gear (standby mode).
✓ cloEnabled	Determines whether a Constant Light Output (CLO) correction factor is used. CLO is used to compensate for lumen output degradation over the life time of the lamp. If CLO is enabled, lamps are dimmed part of the lampType.
✓ defaultLightState	Sets the default light output for the lamp actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active. This attribute shall be set to 100% as default value.
✓ targetLightCommand	Latest command for the lamp actuator.
✓ feedbackLightCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualLightState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.
✓ actualLightState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the light source as much as possible, including factors such as CLO. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ maintenanceFactorEnabled	Indicates whether maintenance compensation is enabled. A maintenance factor can be added in addition to the CLO correction factor to account effects of maintenance (e.g. cleaning) of the luminaire on the lumen output.

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<b>~</b>	maintenancePeriod	Period (Hours) after which maintenance factor is 100%. The assumption is that the maintenance correction factor vs. time curve is linear.
<b>~</b>	maintenanceFactor	Initial correction factor applied when the luminaire is cleaned
<b>~</b>	lastMaintenanceDate	Date when the luminaire was last cleaned (used to reset the maintenance factor).
~	calendarID	TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this lamp actuator. If this attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.
<b>~</b>	invalidCalendar	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a calendar that it cannot implement.
<b>~</b>	invalidProgram	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a control program that it cannot implement.
<b>~</b>	lightStateChange	Light state has changed.
<b>~</b>	targetLightCommandChange	The targetLightCommand operational attribute has changed.
<b>~</b>	programChange	The control program applicable to the lamp actuator has changed (these are the points at which the calendar changes the program).
<b>~</b>	calendarChange	The calendar applicable to the lamp actuator has changed.
<b>~</b>	invalidLampType	Indicates that the lamp type referred cannot be applied.
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the lamp actuator depending on the use case. E.g.: Lamp actuator, Cabinet actuator
Eve	ents	
#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	lightStateChange	Light state has changed
<b>~</b>	invalidCalendar	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a calendar that it cannot implement
<b>~</b>	invalidProgram	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a control program that it cannot implement
<b>~</b>	target Light Command Change	The targetLightCommand operational attribute has changed
<b>~</b>	programChange	The control program applicable to the lamp actuator has changed
<b>~</b>	calendarChange	The calendar applicable to the lamp actuator has changed
<b>~</b>	invalidLampType	Indicates that the lamp type referred cannot be applied.
Lar	np Monitor	

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The Lamp Monitor function enables monitoring of lamp parameters. A Lamp Monitor function should be associated with a specific lamp/control gear combination. Multiple lamp monitor functions may be implemented by a single device.

#### **Attributes**

ŧ	Attribute	Description
/	supplyType	Supply type of the lamp. Accepted values are: AC, DC.
	lampTypeld	TALQ Address of an existing lamp type. If not set to a valid value, this shall be the lamp type used in the lamp actuator. It this attribute is not supported in the implementation, the lamp monitor shall use the lamp type specified in the corresponding lamp actuator.
/	monitoringReference	Name of the entity (or physical device) being monitored by this function.
/	numberOfLamps	Number of lamps being monitored by the lamp monitor function.
/	switchOnCounter	Cumulative number of ON/OFF cycles since installation of th lamp. The wrap around value is 2e32 - 1.
/	operatingHours	Number of hours the lamp is on. This is the value used in CLO and may be set by the CMS.
•	temperature	Temperature of the device implementing this function.  [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature instead.]
/	supplyVoltage	RMS supply volts when supplyType is AC, supply voltage (V) when supplyType is DC.
/	supplyCurrent	RMS supply current (A) when supplyType is AC, supply current (A) when supplyType is DC.
/	activePower	Active power.
/	reactivePower	Reactive power.
/	apparentPower	Apparent Power.
/	powerFactor	Active power/Apparent power.
/	powerFactorSense	Phase sense of power factor.
/	activeEnergy	Cumulative active energy (since installation or counter reset)
/	supplyLossCount	Incrementing count of supply losses. The wrap around value is 2e32 - 1.
/	lampPowerTooHigh	Lamp power is greater than expected lamp power + lampPowerTolerance.
/	lampPowerTooLow	Lamp power is smaller than expected lamp power - lampPowerTolerance

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✓ lampVoltageTooHigh	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is greater than highLampVoltageThreshold.
✓ lampVoltageTooLow	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is smaller than lowLampVoltageThreshold.
✓ lampFailure	The lamp is not operating as it is supposed to (e.g. the lamp is broken). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) should be lit, but produce no light. This could be detected by the current flowing or power consumed.
✓ dimmingFailure	The lamp is not dimming as it is supposed to (e.g. the driver is not connected properly). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) is lighting at a dimming level which is different from the expected dimming level, taking into account the programmed (or manual) level as well any correction (e.g. virtual power, constant light output).
✓ currentTooHigh	Supply current is above the highCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type.
✓ currentTooLow	Supply current is below the lowCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type.
✓ powerFactorTooLow	The power factor is below powerFactorThreshold.
✓ highTemperature	Indicates temperature is above the high threshold [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHigh instead.]
✓ relayFailure	Set in case of internal relay is failing (e.g. it may be stuck in either on or off position). Typically if contactor error is used as well.
✓ absoluteLampPowerTooHigh	Indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type
✓ absoluteLampPowerTooLow	Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type
✓ controlGearCommFailure	Indicates failure of the control gear.
✓ cyclingFailure	Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner. This event shall be used to indicate a lamp which cycles while it should be on. The actual detection algorithm is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ supplyLoss	Indicates loss of mains power.
✓ contactorError	Indicates error in contactor
✓ lampUnexpectedOn	Indicates lamp is unexpectedly on.
✓ leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected.

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<b>~</b>	invalidLampType	Indicates that the lamp type referred cannot be applied.
<b>~</b>	supplyVoltageTooHigh	Level of supply voltage is above the highLampVoltageThreshold.
<b>✓</b>	supplyVoltageTooLow	Level of supply voltage is below the lowSupplyVoltageThreshold.
<b>~</b>	highSupplyVoltageThreshold	Supply voltage above which the supplyVoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	IowSupplyVoltageThreshold	Supply voltage below which the supplyVoltageTooLow event is triggered.
<b>✓</b> Eve	applicationType ents	Application Type of the lamp monitor depending on the use case. E.g.: LED Monitor
#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	lampPowerTooHigh	Lamp power is greater than expected lamp power + lampPowerTolerance
<b>~</b>	lampPowerTooLow	Lamp power is smaller than expected lamp power - lampPowerTolerance
<b>~</b>	lampVoltageTooHigh	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is greater than highLampVoltageThreshold.
<b>~</b>	lampVoltageTooLow	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is smaller than lowLampVoltageThreshold.
<b>~</b>	currentTooHigh	Supply current is above the highCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type
<b>~</b>	currentTooLow	Supply current is below the lowCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type
<b>~</b>	powerFactorTooLow	The power factor is below powerFactorThreshold
<b>✓</b>	lampFailure	The lamp is not operating as it is supposed to (e.g. the lamp is broken). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) should be lit, but produce no light. This could be detected by the current flowing or power consumed.
<b>~</b>	dimmingFailure	The lamp is not dimming as it is supposed to (e.g. the driver is not connected properly). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) is lighting at a dimming level which is different from the expected dimming level, taking into account the programmed (or manual) level as well any correction (e.g. virtual power, constant light output).
<b>~</b>	highTemperature	Indicates temperature is above the high threshold
<b>~</b>	relayFailure	Set in case of internal relay is failing

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✓ absoluteLampPowerTooHigh	Indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type
✓ absoluteLampPowerTooLow	Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type
✓ controlGearCommFailure	Indicates failure of the control gear
✓ cyclingFailure	Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner
✓ supplyLoss	Indicates loss of mains power
✓ contactorError	Indicates error in contactor
✓ lampUnexpectedOn	Indicates lamp is unexpectedly on
✓ leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected
✓ invalidLampType	Indicates that the lamp type referred cannot be applied.
✓ supplyVoltageTooHigh	Level of supply voltage is above the highLampVoltageThreshold.
✓ supplyVoltageTooLow	Level of supply voltage is below the lowSupplyVoltageThreshold.

#### **Electrical Meter**

The electrical meter function supports electrical metering capabilities including measurements of voltage, current, power, energy, and power factor. This function may be associated with Luminaire Controllers, Cabinet Controllers or electrical meters installed in switch boxes. ODNs may implement both single phase and three phase meters. Typically meters within a control device will be single phase and stand-alone meters. A street side cabinet may have single phase or three phase meters.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ totalPower	Sum of the active power consumed on phase 1, 2 and 3, or just the power for a single phase meter.
✓ totalActiveEnergy	Total cumulative kWh measured by the meter since installation date (or counter reset).
✓ totalPowerFactor	Total active power divided by total apparent power.
✓ supplyVoltage	Average between Phase1 RMS Voltage, Phase2 RMS Voltage and Phase3 RMS Voltage, or in the case of a single phase meter just the RMS supply voltage.
✓ totalCurrent	Sum of the RMS currents on phase 1, 2 and 3.
✓ averageCurrent	Average RMS current on phase 1, 2 and 3.

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description

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#### **Photocell**

A Photocell function models the capabilities of a photocell that can be used for lighting control. This function shall be supported by the CMS and optionally by the ODNs (Gateway).

#### **Attributes**

# Attribut	te	Description
✓ onLevel		Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to on state.
✓ offLevel		Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to off state.
✓ photoce	ellOutput	Output state of the photocell. Possible values are ON (means the illuminance level has fallen below the onLevel) and OFF (means the illuminance level has risen above the offLevel).

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	photocellOutputOn	The photocell output has changed to ON

#### **Light Sensor**

A Light Sensor function models the output of light sensor. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	levelHighThreshold	Light level above which a levelTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	levelLowThreshold	Light level below which a levelTooLow event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	lightLevel	Illuminance level.

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	levelTooHigh	Indicates the light level is above the levelHighThreshold
<b>~</b>	levelTooLow	Indicates the light level is below the levelLowThreshold

#### **Binary Sensor**

A Binary Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides a digital, binary output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

#### **Attributes**

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<b>~</b>	level	Sensor Output level.
Events		
#	Event type	Description

#### **Generic Sensor**

A Generic Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides an analog or multilevel output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

# **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	levelHighThreshold	Threshold above which a levelTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	levelLowThreshold	Threshold below which a levelTooLow event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	level	Sensor Output level.

#### **Events**

# Event type	Description
✓ levelTooHigh	Indicates the sensor output level is above the levelHighThreshold
✓ levelTooLow	Indicates the sensor output level is below the levelLowThreshold

#### **Generic Actuator**

The Generic Actuator function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

# **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ defaultState	Sets the default state output for the generic actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active.
✓ actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ targetCommand	Latest command for the generic actuator.
✓ feedbackCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.

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<b>~</b>	calendarID	TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this generic actuator. If this
		attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the
		attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address
		event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.

# Event type	Description
✓ stateChange	The state has changed.
✓ invalidCalendar	This event is generated when a calendar has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
✓ invalidProgram	This event is generated when a control program has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
✓ programChange	This event is generated when the control program applicable to the actuator has changed.
✓ calendarChange	This event is generated when the calendar applicable to the actuator has changed.
✓ targetCommandChange	This event is generated when the targetCommand has changed.

# **Temperature Sensor**

The Temperature Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the temperature in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	temperatureHighThreshold	Threshold above which a temperatureTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	temperatureLowThreshold	Threshold below which a temperatureTooLow event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	fireDetectionThreshold	Threshold above which a fireDetected event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	temperature	Output temperature.

# **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	temperatureTooHigh	Indicates the output temperature is above the temperatureHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	temperatureTooLow	Indicates the output temperature is below the temperatureLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	fireDetected	Indicates the output temperature is above the fireDetectionThreshold.

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#### **Humidity Sensor**

The Humidity Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the humidity in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	humidityLowThreshold	talq.feature.attribute.HumiditySensorFunction.humidityLowThreshold.desc
<b>~</b>	humidityHighThreshold	Threshold above which a humidityTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	humidity	Output humidity.

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	humidityTooHigh	Indicates the output humidity is above the humidityHighThreshold.

#### **Particulate Matter Sensor**

The Particulate Matter Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the PM10, PM2.5 and PM1 in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	pm1HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm1TooHigh event is triggered.
	pm2- 5HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm2-5TooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	pm10HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm10TooHigh event is triggered.
<b>v</b>	pm1	Level of pm1 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)
<b>~</b>	pm2-5	Level of pm2-5 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)
<b>~</b>	pm10	Level of pm10 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)
✔ ;	applicationType	Application Type of the particulate matter sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Air Quality Sensor'
<b>~</b>	pm1-24hAverage	Average level of pm1 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)
<b>✓</b>	pm2-5-24hAverage	Average level of pm2.5 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)
<b>~</b>	pm10-24hAverage	Average level of pm10 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)

#### **Events**

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#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	pm1TooHigh	Indicates the output pm1 is above the pm1HighThreshold.
~	pm2-5TooHigh	Indicates the output pm2-5 is above the pm2-5HighThreshold.
~	pm10TooHigh	Indicates the output pm10 is above the pm10HighThreshold.

#### **Presence Sensor**

The Presence Sensor function allows a CMS to detect presence. This function may be used in Parking Place detectors as well as in dynamic outdoor lighting scenario.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	presenceStatus	Presence status.

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	presenceStatusChanged	Indicates the presence status changed.

#### **Movement Sensor**

The Movement Sensor function allows a CMS to detect movement. This function may be used in a Waste Container sensor to detect that container gets emptied or is not in the proper position, as well as in asset tracking applications.[DEPRECATED: This function has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new LocationSensorFunction instead.]

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	movementThreshold	Threshold above which a movementDetected event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	movementDetected	Indicates the movement is above the movementThreshold.

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	movementDetected	Indicates the movement is above the movementThreshold.
<b>~</b>	notInProperPosition	Indicates the sensor is not in proper position.

#### **Battery Level Sensor**

The Battery Level Sensor function allows to measure the charge of the battery, monitor the battery and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

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#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	powerSource	The power source of battery.
<b>~</b>	batteryLevelLowThreshold	Threshold below which a batteryLevelTooLow event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	batteryLevel	Battery level.

# Event type	Description	

✓ batteryLevelTooLow talq.feature.event.BatteryLevelSensorFunction.batteryLevelTooLow.desc

#### Filling Level Sensor

The Filling Level Sensor function allows to measure how full a container is and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ levelHighThreshold	Threshold (m) above which a fillingHeight event is triggered.
<ul><li>containerHeight</li></ul>	Container height (m).
✓ containerVolume	Container volume (m^3).
✓ fillingHeight	Filling container height (m).
✓ fillingPercentage	Filling percentage.
✓ contentsType	Indicates de type of contents in the container. Some technologies, such as ultrasonic sensors, need this information in order to measeure accuratelly. Possible values are: mixed waste, organic, paper, plastics, glass, liquid, clothing, electronics, metal or other. If other is selected, then contentsOtherType shall be used.
✓ contentsOtherType	Type of contents if it is not included in the Enum list of contents for contentsType.

### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	containerFull	Indicates the container filling height is above levelHighThreshold.

# Solar Battery Charger<sup>★</sup>

A solar battery charger is used to charge a battery with solar energy. Typical use cases are energy demanding off-grid applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more.

#### **Attributes**

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Description
Measured DC voltage of the charger input (V).
Measured DC current of the charger input (A).
Output voltage (V).
Output current (A).
Measured temperature of the charger circuit (C).  [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Charger instead.]
Measured temperature of the attached photovoltaic module (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=PVT instead.]
Accumulated energy yield since accumulatedSince (Wh).
Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall start charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and the value is the voltage.
Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall cease charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and the value is the voltage.
Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.]
Threshold above which the lowTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooLowThreshold instead.]
Threshold above which the highPower event is triggered (W).
Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedEnergy is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.

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Description

**Event type** 

✓ highTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is above the high temperature threshold.
✓ lowTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is below the low temperature threshold.
✓ highPower	Indicates the power exceeds highPowerThreshold.
charging	Indicates whether the battery is being charged.

# Battery Management System\*

A battery management system is used to monitor the charging and discharging of a battery and protect the battery. Typical use cases are (off-grid) applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more, where the battery is charged and discharged on a regular basis.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	batteryChemistry	Attribute to define the battery chemistry. (e.g.: Lead Acid, Lithium-Iron-Phosphate (LiFePO4), Nickel-Metal-Hydrid (NiMH), Lithium-Titanate-Oxide (LTO),)
<b>~</b>	nominalVoltage	Attribute to set the nominal voltage of the battery in V (at room temperature). This can be used to calculate the capacity and to configure the BMS.
<b>~</b>	nominalCapacity	Attribute to set the nominal capacity of the battery in Ah (a room temperature).
<b>~</b>	batteryVoltage	Measurement of the battery voltage in V
<b>~</b>	batteryCurrent	Measurement of the battery current in A. This value can be negative due to polarity.
<b>~</b>	batteryLevel	Percentage
<b>~</b>	estimatedCapacity	This attribute gives an estimated remaining capacity of the battery in Ah. This depends very much on the wear and age of the battery.
<b>~</b>	temperature	Temperature at the battery in C. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Battery instead.]
<b>~</b>	batteryEOCVoltageTemperatureMap	End of charge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
<b>~</b>	batteryEODVoltageTemperatureMap	End of discharge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
<b>~</b>	batteryFullThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is full.
<b>~</b>	batteryEmptyThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is empty.

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✓ overCurrentChargeThreshold	Maximum charge current threshold (A)
✓ overCurrentDischargeThreshold	Maximum discharge current threshold (A)
✓ highTemperatureThreshold	Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.]

# Event type	Description
✓ batteryFull	Indicates that the battery is full.
✓ batteryEmpty	Indicates that the battery is empty.
✓ overCurrentCharge	Indicates that the charge current is higher than the threshold.
✓ overCurrentDischarge	Indicates that the discharge current is higher than the threshold.
✓ highTemperature	Indicates that the measured temperature is higher than the threshold.

# Traffic Counter\*

The Traffic Counter Function is used to provide statistics on the number of vehicles passing on the road. It allows to have the number of pedestrians, bicycles, cars or trucks for a certain period of time that is configurable by the CMS. It also allows to count the number of vehicles using diesel or petrol.

# **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	roadUserNumber	Number of road users of the specified type detected over the sampling period.
<b>~</b>	accumulatedRoadUserNumber	measurement Number of road users of the specified type detected since accumulatedSince.
<b>~</b>	roadUser	Type of road user (pedestrian, bicycle, motorcycle, car, truck, diesel vehicle, petrol vehicle, electric vehicle, scooter others).
<b>~</b>	accumulatedSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedRoadUserNumber is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
<b>~</b>	heavyTrafficDetectedThreshold	Threshold above which heavyTrafficDetected is triggered.
<b>~</b>	trafficSamplingPeriod	Used by heavyTrafficDetected and roadUserNumber. In seconds.
<b>~</b>	averageSpeed	Average speed measured on the road users of the specified type during the last sampling period (km/h)

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✓ averageDistance	Average distance between two road users of the specified type during the last sampling period (m)
✓ speedLimitThreshold	Speed limit threshold used to calculate the percentage of road users of the specified type above speed limit. (km/h)
✓ percentageAboveSpeedLimit	Percentage of road users of the specified type driving above speed limit detected over the sampling period.
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the traffic counter depending on the use case. E.g.: 'People counter; Vehicle counter'
✓ actualUserNumber	Number of road users currently identified by the device
✓ sensorType	Type of sensor (e.g: Bluetooth beacon, WIFI detector)
✓ dailyRoadUserNumber	Cumulated number of road users detected by the device since beginning of the day.
✓ minSpeed	Minimum cutoff speed under which traffic is not measured (km/h)
✓ maxSpeed	Maximum cutoff speed above which traffic is not measured (km/h)
✓ sensorSensitivity	Sensor sensitivity (%) to reduce sensor detection range. This value must be the same when multiple instances of the function are used for the same physical sensor.
✓ trafficDirection	Specifies whether the sensor measures only incoming traffic, outgoing traffic, or both. (Direction 1, Direction 2, Both)

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	heavyTrafficDetected	Triggered if the traffic measured over the sampling period is above
		heavyTrafficDetectedThreshold.

#### Location Sensor\*

The Location Sensor Function is used to indicate that an object has changed position attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. For example, a specific location (latitude, longitude) of a device could be defined by the vendor. If the device is equipped with a GPS, it could send a specific event indicating that its position is different to the one defined by the CMS. We might also want to let the configuration to the vendor itself and simply define events notifying the CMS that the default configuration has changed. For example, a garbage bin could have its location defined based on a sensor placed on the floor. If the bin is not above this sensor, the vendor will trigger an event. In this last case, the CMS does not need to configure anything.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	expectedLocation	Nominal location of the device
<b>~</b>	locationChangedThreshold	Distance (meters)

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<b>~</b>	location	Location of the device	
Eve	Events		
#	Event type	Description	
<b>~</b>	locationChanged	Triggered when the difference between location and expectedLocation is above locationChangedThreshold	

# Accelerometer\*

The Accelerometer Function is used to indicate that an object has had an impact with another object and to report its acceleration.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold	Threshold for acceleration above which impactDetected is triggered (g)
<b>~</b>	accelerationSamplingPeriod	In seconds
<b>~</b>	accelerationX	Maximum acceleration on the X axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
<b>~</b>	accelerationY	Maximum acceleration on the Y axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
<b>~</b>	accelerationZ	Maximum acceleration on the Z axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
<b>✓</b>	acceleration	Maximum acceleration of the device (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	impactDetected	Indicates that the acceleration is above
		impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold

# Orientation\*

The Orientation function is used to indicate that an object has changed orientation based on attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. The target orientation of the object could be configured by the CMS or could be handled by the vendor. In the latter case, the configuration is let to the vendor itself and events are triggered depending on internal configuration.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	expectedOrientation	Nominal orientation of the device

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<b>~</b>	orientationChangedThreshold	Threshold above which orientationChanged is triggered
<b>~</b>	orientation	Orientation of the device
_		

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	orientationChanged	Triggered when orientation differs from expectedOrientation by more than orientationChangedThreshold on any angle, or when the device determines itself that its orientation has changed.

# Fluid Level Sensor\*

The Fluid Level Sensor function allows to collect data and events about fluid levels. It could be used to measure fluid levels in channels, lakes, containers, etc.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	fluidLevelTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which fluidLevelTooHighThreshold is triggered. In meters
<b>~</b>	fluidLevelTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which fluidLevelTooLowThreshold is triggered. In meters
<b>~</b>	distanceSensorBottom	Distance between the sensor and the bottom of the channel, lake, container, etc. In meters
<b>~</b>	fluidLevel	Fluid level in meters

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	fluidLevelTooHigh	Triggered when fluidLevel is above fluidLevelTooHighThreshold
<b>~</b>	fluidLevelTooLow	Triggered when fluidLevel is below fluidLevelTooLowThreshold

# Waste Container<sup>★</sup>

The Waste Container function allows to log when the container is collected and send events in case the date is above a configurable thresholds. Additionly it sends events when the contents or container are tampered.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	lastCollectionDate	Last collection date.
<b>~</b>	collectionLateThreshold	Threshold (days) since last collection date above which a collection late event is triggered.

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✓ wasteType	Indicates de type of waste in the container. Possible values are: mixed waste, organic, paper, plastics, glass, liquid, clothing, electronics, metal or other. If other is selected, then wasteOtherType shall be used.
✓ wasteOtherType	Type of waste if it is not included in the Enum list of contents for wasteType.

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	containerTampered	Indicates that the container is being tampered, or some parts are being removed.
<b>~</b>	contentsTampered	Indicates that the contents are being tampered or stolen.

# pH Sensor\*

The pH Sensor allows to measure the pH and sends events if the value is above/below the configured thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	рН	pH value.
<b>~</b>	pHHighLevelThreshold	Threshold above which a pHTooHigh (too Alkaline) event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	pHLowLevelThreshold	Threshold below which a pHTooLow (too Acidic) event is triggered.

#### **Events**

# Event type	Description
<b>✓</b> pHTooHigh	Indicates the pH measure is above the pHHighLevelThreshold, that is too alkaline.
<b>✓</b> pHTooLow	Indicates the pH measure is below the pHLowLevelThreshold, that is too acidic.

# Weight Sensor<sup>★</sup>

The Weight Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the weight in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	weightLowThreshold	Threshold (in kg) below which a weightTooLow event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	weightHighThreshold	Threshold (in kg) above which a weightTooHigh event is triggered.

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•	weight	Output weight in kg.
Ev	ents	
#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	weightTooLow	Indicates the output weight is below the weightLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	weightTooHigh	Indicates the output weight is above the weightHighThreshold.

# Gas Sensor\*

The Gas Sensor function allows to measure the gas concentration and sends events if the level is above the configured thresholds.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	gasConcentration	Gas concentration (ppm)
<b>~</b>	gasHighConcentrationThreshold	Threshold (ppm) above which a gasConcentrationTooHigh event is triggered.
<b>~</b>	gasName	Type of gas: CO, CO2, O2, O3, NO, NO2, SO2, NH3, CH4, H2, H2S, HCl, HCN, PH3, ETO, Other. If Other is selected, then gasOtherName shall be used.
<b>~</b>	gasOtherName	Type of gas if it is not included in the Enum list of gases for gasName
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the gas sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Waste Gas Detector'
<b>~</b>	gasConcentration1hAverage	Average concentration of gas measured by the sensor during the last 1 hour. (ppm)
<b>~</b>	gasConcentration8hAverage	Average concentration of gas measured by the sensor during the last 8 hours. (ppm)

# **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	gasConcentrationTooHigh	Indicates that the gasConcentration is above the gasHighConcentrationThreshold.

#### **Simple Actuator**

The Simple Actuator function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

#### **Attributes**

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✓ defaultState	Sets the default state output for the simple actuator. This shall be applicable if the actuator is not under an override control (OverrideCommand).
✓ actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ targetCommand	Latest command for the simple actuator.
✓ feedbackCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	stateChange	The state has changed.
<b>~</b>	targetCommandChange	This event is generated when the targetCommand has changed.

# Time\*

The Time function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ timeZone	Time zone of the device. Time zone may be expressed in two formats. where is a time zone as defined in the zone.tab of the IANA timezone database [IANA]; and stdoffset[dst[offset][,start[/time],en d[/time]]] as defined by the Open Group for posix systems [POSIX].
✓ currentTime	Current time of the device defined as local time with time zone designator

#### **Events**

### # Event type Description

✓ lastSyncError This event is generated when the latest time synchronization operation failed.

# Segment Monitor<sup>★</sup>

The Segment Monitor function enables monitoring of segment parameters. Multiple segment monitor functions may be implemented by a single device.

#### **Attributes**

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•	application type	Application Type of the segment monitor depending on the use case.  E.g.: "Road Lighting, Architecture Lighting"
<b>~</b>	segmentReference	Reference of the segment monitor depending on the use case. E.g.: "Segment A1"
<b>~</b>	numberOfLoads	Number of loads being monitored by the segment monitor function.

# Event type	Description
✓ cabinetDoorOpen	Cabinet door is open.
✓ circuitBreakerTripped	Indicates that the circuit breaker has tripped
✓ leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected.
✓ localOverride	Indicates that there is a local override (ON, OFF) or no override
✓ switchingErrorOff	Indicates error in switching circuit. For instance, if a contactor or relay is used, it may be stuck in OFF position.
✓ switchingErrorOn	Indicates error in switching circuit. For instance, if a contactor or relay is used, it may be stuck in ON position.

# Noise Monitoring Sensor★

This sensor function enables monitoring basic noise data.

# **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ noiseHighThreshold	Threshold above which a noiseTooHigh event is triggered. (dB)
✓ noise	Output noise. (dB)
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the noise depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Street noise sensor'
✓ minMeasuredNoise	The minimum value measured by the sensor since power ON or since measuredNoiseSince. (dB)
✓ maxMeasuredNoise	The maximum value measured by the sensor since power ON or since measuredNoiseSince. (dB)
✓ measuredNoiseSince	Indicates the date and time at which measuredNoise is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
✓ typeOfNoise	Indicates the type of sound of the abnormalNoiseDetected event.  E.g.: gunShot, alarm, carCrash,

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description
~	abnormalNoiseDetected	Indicates that an abnormal noise is detected

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✓ noiseTooHigh

Indicates the output noise is above the noiseHighThreshold.

# Atmospheric Sensor<sup>★</sup>

This sensor function enables monitoring basic atmospheric data such as barometric pressure, humidity, and temperature. This function complies with WMO standards as reported in the 'Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation (WMO-No. 8) / Volume I - Measurement of Meteorological Variables'

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	airTemperature	Temperature (°C)
<b>~</b>	feelsLikeTemperature	Feels like temperature, which take into account the cooling and heating effects of wind and humidity on the human body (°C)
<b>~</b>	relativeHumidity	Relative humidity (%)
<b>~</b>	dewPoint	Temperature of dew point (°C)
<b>~</b>	atmosphericPressure	Atmospheric pressure normalized to sea level (hPa)
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the atmospheric sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Weather atmospheric sensor'

#### Wind Sensor\*

This sensor function enables monitoring wind speed and direction. This function complies with WMO standards as reported in the 'Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation (WMO-No. 8) / Volume I - Measurement of Meteorological Variables'

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	windSpeed	Wind speed (m/s)
<b>~</b>	windDirectionString	Wind direction (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW)
<b>~</b>	windDirection	Wind direction in degrees (Relative to True north)
<b>~</b>	windGust	Wind gust speed (m/s)
<b>~</b>	windGustDirection	Wind gust direction in degrees (Relative to True north)
<b>~</b>	maxWindGust	Max wind gust speed (m/s) measured since maxWindGustSince
<b>✓</b>	maxWindGustSince	Indicates the date and time at which maxWindGust is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the wind sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Weather wind sensor'

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# Precipitation Sensor<sup>★</sup>

This sensor function enables monitoring precipitation, defined as the liquid or solid products of the condensation of water vapour falling from clouds, in the form of rain, drizzle, snow, snow grains, snow pellets, hail and ice pellets; or falling from clear air in the form of diamond dust. This function complies with WMO standards as reported in the 'Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation (WMO-No. 8) / Volume I – Measurement of Meteorological Variables'

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	precipitationRate	Intensity of precipitation (mm/h)
<b>~</b>	accumulatedPrecipitation	Accumulated precipitation since accumulatedPrecipitationSince
<b>~</b>	accumulatedPrecipitationSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedPrecipitation is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the precipitation sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Weather precipitation sensor'

# Sky Sensor\*

This sensor function enables monitoring of other atmospheric phenomena. This function complies with WMO standards as reported in the 'Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation (WMO-No. 8) / Volume I - Measurement of Meteorological Variables'

### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ cloudiness	Cloud cover of the sky (%)
✓ solarDirectRadiation	Total solar irradiance (W/m2)
✓ visibility	Visibility (m)
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the sky sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Weather sky sensor'

# Gully Sensor<sup>★</sup>

The Gully Sensor measures properties associated with street drains or gullies.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ siltLevel	Level of silt (%)

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✓ applicationType Application Type of the gully sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Street Gully sensor'

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description	
<b>~</b>	grillOpened	Indicates that the gully grill is opened	
<b>~</b>	levelWarning	Indicates that the water level is problematic.	
<b>~</b>	overfull	Indicates that the gully is overfull	

# Water Flow Sensor<sup>★</sup>

The water flow sensor function measures the water flow rate.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ flowRate	Rate of water flow (m3/s)
✓ flowRateTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a flowRateTooHigh event is triggered (m3/s).
✓ flowRateTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a flowRateTooLow event is triggered (m3/s).
✓ maxFlowRate	Max flow rate value since flowRateSince (m3/s).
✓ minFlowRate	Min flow rate value since flowRateSince (m3/s).
✓ flowRateSince	Sets the date and time at which max and min flow rates are reset to zero
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the water flow sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Street water flow sensor'

#### **Events**

#	Event type	Description	
<b>~</b>	flowRateTooHigh	Indicates the flowRate measure is above the flowRateTooHighThreshold.	
<b>~</b>	flowRateTooLow	Indicates the flowRate measure is below the flowRateTooLowThreshold.	

# Water Quality Sensor<sup>★</sup>

The water quality sensor function measures the quality of the water in the drinkable water distribution network, in water tanks or in lakes and rivers.

#### **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
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<b>✓</b> pH	Current or last value of the pH measured by the sensor.
✓ chlorine	Current or last value of the chlorine measured by the sensor (ppm)
<b>✓</b> orp	Current or last value of the oxidation reduction potential (ORP) measured by the sensor (V)
✓ totalDissolvedGas	Current or last value of the dissolved gas (TDG) measured by the sensor (ppm).
✓ dissolvedOxygen	Current or last value of the dissolved oxygen measured by the sensor (ppm).
✓ turbidity	Current or last value of the turbidity measured by the sensor using the Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU).
✓ conductivity	Current or last value of the conductivity measured by the sensor (S/m).
✓ conductance	Current or last value of the conductance measured by the sensor (S/m).
✓ totalSuspendedSolids	Current or last value of the TSS measured by the sensor (mg/l).
✓ totalDissolvedSolids	Current or last value of the TDS measured by the sensor (mg/l).
✓ salinity	Current or last value of the salinity measured by the sensor (ppt).
✓ NO3	Current or last value of NO3 measured by the sensor (mg/l).
✓ NH3	Current or last value of NH3 measured by the sensor (mg/l).
✓ NH4	Current or last value of NH4 measured by the sensor (mg/l).
✓ pHTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a pHTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ pHTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a pHTooLow event is triggered.
✓ chlorineTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a chlorineTooHigh event is triggered. (ppm)
✓ orpTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a orpTooLow event is triggered. (V)
✓ totalDissolvedGasTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a totalDissolvedGasTooHigh event is triggered.

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✓ totalDissolvedGasTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a totalDissolvedGasTooLow event is triggered.
dissolvedOxygenTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a dissolvedOxygenTooLow event is triggered.
✓ turbidityTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a turbidityTooHigh event is triggered. (NTU)
conductivityTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a conductivityTooHigh event is triggered. (S/m)
✓ conductanceTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a conductanceTooHigh event is triggered. (S/m)
✓ totalSuspendedSolidsTooHighThreshold	Threshold below which a totalSuspendedSolidsTooHigh event is triggered. (mg/l)
✓ totalDissolvedSolidsTooHighThreshold	Threshold below which a totalDissolvedSolidsTooHigh event is triggered. (mg/l)
✓ salinityTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a salinityTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ salinityTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which a salinityTooLow event is triggered.
✓ NO3TooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a NO3TooHigh event is triggered. (mg/l)
✓ NH3TooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a NO3TooHigh event is triggered. (mg/l)
✓ NH4TooHighThreshold	Threshold above which a NH4TooHigh event is triggered. (mg/l)
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the water quality sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'River water quality sensor'

# Event type	Description
✓ chlorineTooHigh	Indicates the chlorine measure is above the chlorineTooHighThreshold.
✓ conductanceTooHigh	Indicates the conductance measure is above the conductanceTooHighThreshold.
✓ conductivityTooHigh	Indicates the conductivity measure is above the conductivityTooHighThreshold.
✓ dissolvedOxygenTooLow	Indicates the dissolvedOxygen measure is below the dissolvedOxygenTooLowThreshold.

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<b>~</b>	NH3TooHigh	Indicates the NH3 measure is above the NH3TooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	NH4TooHigh	Indicates the NH4 measure is above the NH4TooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	NO3TooHigh	Indicates the NO3 measure is above the NO3TooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	orpTooLow	Indicates the orp measure is below the orpTooLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	pHTooHigh	Indicates the pH measure is above the phTooHighThreshold
<b>~</b>	pHTooLow	Indicates the pH measure is below the phTooLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	salinityTooHigh	Indicates the salinity measure is above the salinityTooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	salinityTooLow	Indicates the salinity measure is below the salinityTooLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	totalDissolvedGasTooHigh	Indicates the totalDissolvedGas measure is above the totalDissolvedGasTooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	totalDissolvedGasTooLow	Indicates the totalDissolvedGas measure is below the totalDissolvedGasTooLowThreshold.
<b>~</b>	totalDissolvedSolidsTooHigh	Indicates the totalDissolvedSolids measure is above the totalDissolvedSolidsTooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	totalSuspendedSolidsTooHigh	Indicates the totalSuspendedSolids measure is above the totalSuspendedSolidsTooHighThreshold.
<b>~</b>	turbidityTooHigh	Indicates the turbidity measure is above the turbidityTooHighThreshold.

# Text Display Actuator<sup>★</sup>

The Text Display Actuator is used to send text to a text-only or text mode graphics display within a PositionedTextState (text, xPos, yPos). Writing a string of text to the text resource causes it to be displayed at the selected X and Y locations on the display. If X or Y are set to a value greater than the size of the display, the position "wraps around" to the modulus of the setting and the display size. Likewise, if the text string overflows the display size, the text "wraps around" and displays on the next line down or, if the last line has been written, wraps around to the top of the display. Brightness and Contrast controls are provided to allow control of various display types including STN and DSTN type LCD character displays. Setting the clearDisplay to true causes the display to be erased.

#### **Attributes**

# Attribute	Description
✓ defaultState	Sets the default state output for the text display actuator. This shall be applicable if the actuator is not under any scheduled (calendarID) or override control (OverrideCommand).

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~	actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
<b>~</b>	targetCommand	Latest command for the text display actuator.
<b>✓</b>	feedbackCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time, due to scheduler specific or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests or response time.
<b>✓</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the text display actuator depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Traffic Panel'

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	calendarChange	This attribute reflects that the calendar applicable to the actuator has changed.
<b>~</b>	invalidCalendar	This attribute reflects that a calendar has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
<b>~</b>	invalidProgram	This attribute reflects that a control program has been allocated and can not be implemented it
<b>~</b>	programChange	This attribute reflects that the control program applicable to the actuator has changed.
<b>~</b>	stateChange	This attribute reflects that the state has changed
<b>~</b>	targetCommandChange	This attribute reflects that the targetCommand has changed.

# **Parking Sensor**

The parking sensor provides actual and accumulated occupancy duration as well as forbidden parking detection.

# **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	occupancy	Status of the parking spot from the point of view of occupancy. Enum: 'closed, vacant, occupied, partially occupied, unknown'
<b>~</b>	duration	Number of seconds sinde the parking place is occupied. If not occupied, duration shows the duration of the last occupation.
<b>~</b>	accumulatedDuration	Accumulated occupation time since accumulatedSince. In seconds.
<b>~</b>	accumulatedSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedDuration is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the parking sensor depending on the use case.  E.g.: 'Street parking'

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✓ sensorType	Type of sensor (e.g.: IR, PIR, AIR, MR)
✓ maxDuration	Max number of seconds for a parking session.

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	forbiddenParkingDetected	Indicates if the vehicle present on the parking place is not authorized. Set to false if the place is free or if the vehicle is authorized.
<b>~</b>	occupancyChangeToOccupied	Indicates that the occupancy has changed to occupied
<b>~</b>	occupancyChangeToVacant	Indicates that the occupancy has changed to vancant
<b>~</b>	overstayDetected	Indicates if the occupancy duration is over the maxDuration

# Parking Camera Sensor

The Parking Camera Sensor provides information about the parking slots that only computer vision can provide.

# **Attributes**

#	Attribute	Description
<b>~</b>	totalSlots	Total number of slots monitored by the device.
<b>~</b>	slotsData	Data of each slot.
<b>~</b>	freeSlots	Number of free slots on the monitored area.
<b>~</b>	freeSlotIDs	lds of the free slots
<b>~</b>	averageDuration	Average occupation time per vehicle since accumulatedSince.
<b>~</b>	accumulatedParkingSessions	Number of parking sessions since accumulatedSince
~	accumulatedSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedParkingSessions and averageDuration are reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
<b>~</b>	applicationType	Application Type of the parking camera sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Parking Camera'
<b>~</b>	zoneReference	Reference of the zone monitored depending on the use case. E.g.: "Zone A1"

# **Events**

#	Event type	Description
<b>~</b>	badParkingDetected	Indicates if a vehicle is badly parked (i.e: ocuppying two slots).
<b>~</b>	blockingVehicleDetected	Indicates if a vehicle is blocking other

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forbiddenVehicleDetected Indicates if there is a vehicle present on the parking slots which is not authorized. Set to false if all the places are free or all the vehicles are authorized.

#### **Luminaire Asset**

This entity contains the managed and tracked attributes of a specific Luminaire, excluding the concept of Controller and Driver.

#### **Attributes**

‡ <i>I</i>	Attribute	Description
<b>/</b>	luminaireTypeAddress	Address of the Luminaire Type
<b>~</b>	bracketTypeAddress	Address of the Bracket Type
<b>~</b> ;	serial	Serial number of the Luminaire
<b>~</b>	projectID	Name of the Project / Tender
<b>~</b>	luminousFluxConfiguration	Programmed light output of the luminaire
<b>~</b>	paintingColor	Painting color of the luminaire expressed as a color system-color value, (e.g: RAL-7035)
<b>~</b> \	virtualPowerOutput	Percentage of nominal power at which the light source should be set when the Command is set to 100%.
<b>✓</b> i	installationTimestamp	Installation date and time of luminaire
<b>✓</b> i	identification	Luminaire identification. (e.g: as per DiiA/D4i specification part 251 (MB1 extension)).
<b>✓</b> i	identificationNumber	Luminaire identification number. (e.g. as per DiiA/D4i specification part 251 (MB1 extension))
<b>✓</b> 1	mountingOption	Installed direction of the luminaire to the support
<b>~</b> \	warrantyExpirationDate	Warranty expiration date. It can be reset
<b>✓</b> 1	manufactureYear	Year of manufacture of the luminaire.
<b>✓</b> 1	manufactureWeek	Week of manufacture of the luminaire.
<b>~</b> \	warrantyYears	Number of years for warranty
✔ ;	applicationType	Application Type of the luminaire asset depending on the use case.

#### **Controller Asset**

This entity contains the managed and tracked attributes of a specific controller

#### **Attributes**

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controllerTypeAddress	Address of the Controller Type
✓ serial	Serial number of the Controller
✓ firmwareVersion	Version of the controller hardware firmware
✓ installationTimestamp	Installation date and time of OLC
✓ registrationTimestamp	Registration date and time of OLC
✓ projectID	Name of the Project / Tender
✓ controllerColor	Painting color of the controller expressed as a color system-color value, (e.g: RAL-7035)
✓ connectionType	Type of the connection to the luminaire
✓ warrantyExpirationDate	Warranty expiration date. It can be reset
✓ manufactureYear	Year of manufacture of the controller
✓ manufactureWeek	Week of manufacture of the controller
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the controller asset depending on the use case.

# **Services**

#### **Configuration Service**

The TALQ Configuration Service enables discovery and configuration of devices and services

#### **Options**

# Option Value Description

#### **Control Service**

The Control service describes the mechanisms to operate the actuator functions in order to enable schedule based and override control

#### **Options**

# Option Value Description

#### **Events**

- # Event Type Description
- ✓ invalidCalendar An invalid calendar has been provided by the CMS to the ODN
- ✓ invalidProgram A control program has been provided by the CMS, which cannot be implemented by the ODN

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#### **Data Collection Service**

The TALQ Data Collection Service is a provision to configure how ODN measurements, status information and events are logged, and when or under what conditions the logged data is transferred to the CMS

#### **Options**

#	Option	Value	Description
<b>~</b>	supportedModes	<ul><li>VendorRecordingMode</li><li>EventRecordingMode</li><li>ImmediateReportingMode</li></ul>	Recording and Reporting modes supported

#### **Events**

#	<b>Event Type</b>	Description
<b>~</b>	invalidLoggerConfig	The CMS has provided a data logger configuration that cannot be implemented by the ODN

#### On Demand Data Request Service

This service provides the mechanism to access attributes in the logical devices by requesting attribute values from the ODN

### **Group Management Service**

This service provides the mechanisms to define and manage groups

### **Options**

# Option Value Description	#	Option	Value	Description	
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#### **Asset Management Service**

The TALQ Asset Management Service provides a mechanism to transfer the types needed by the asset management functions

#### **Test Service**

This service provides a mechanism to reduce the human intervention during the certification tests, enabling the certification tests to maximise automation

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# **Objects**

# Luminaire Type

The LuminaireType consists of a set of attributes that together characterize, i.e.: are generic for, a given luminaire, excluding the concept of Controller, Driver and Bracket.

# **Properties**

#	Property	Description
<b>~</b>	address	TALQ address of the Luminaire Type
<b>~</b>	name	Descriptive name of the LuminaireType
<b>~</b>	gtin	Global Trade Item Number of luminaire
<b>~</b>	manufacturerName	Name of manufacturer
<b>~</b>	productFamily	Product family name of luminaire
<b>~</b>	model	Product model of luminaire
<b>~</b>	maximum Luminous Flux Output	Maximum Light Output luminous flux output
<b>~</b>	minimum Luminous Flux Output	Minimum Light Output of the luminaire
<b>~</b>	lightSourceType	Light source type.
<b>~</b>	lightDistributionType	Enumeration of possible light distribution type, using the Zhaga D4i enumeration. Please refer to ZD4i standard for more details.
<b>~</b>	maximumPower	Maximum power that the Luminaire can operate at
<b>~</b>	powerAtMinimumDimLevel	Power at minimum dim level for the luminaire.
<b>~</b>	materialEnclosure	Material of enclousure of the body of the luminaire
<b>~</b>	materialLlightCover	Material of light cover [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new materialLightCover instead.]
<b>~</b>	materialLightCover	Material of light cover
<b>~</b>	luminaireEfficacy	Efficacy of the luminaire
<b>~</b>	warmUpTime	Sets the delay after a Switch ON command during which the lamp actuator shall not perform any dimming command.
<b>~</b>	maxOperatingHours	Maximum number of operating hours that the lamp is supposed to live with a given specification. This attribute can be used to set the old lamp attributes when the lamp reaches its expected useful life.

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<b>~</b>	lumenDepreciationCurve	Ordered set of entries (cumulative operating hours, correction factor in %) that form a piece wise linear approximation of the lumen depreciation correction factor curve. The first cumulative hours should be 0 and the last correction factor should be 100%. E.g.: 0 h, 80%; 5000 h, 85%; 10000 h, 90%; 15000 h, 95%; 20000 h, 100%.
<b>~</b>	cloType	Determines where CLO (Constant Lumen Output) is implemented in the lamp control gear or in the ODN (e.g. control device). This CLO profile is needed even when CLO is implemented by the driver in order to obtain the expected lamp power.
<b>~</b>	lightSourceManufacturerName	Name of light source manufacturer
<b>~</b>	lightSourceLedEficacy	Efficacy of the LED

# **Bracket Type**

The BracketType consists of a set of attributes that together characterize, i.e. are generic for, a given Bracket.

# **Properties**

#	Property	Description
<b>~</b>	address	TALQ address of the Bracket Type
<b>~</b>	name	Descriptive name of the Bracket Type
<b>~</b>	manufacturerName	Name of manufacturer
<b>~</b>	productFamily	Product family name of bracket
<b>~</b>	model	Product model of bracket

# **Controller Type**

The ControllerType consists of a set of attributes that together characterize, i.e. are generic for, a given Controller.

# **Properties**

# Property	Description
✓ address	TALQ address of the Controller Type
✓ name	Descriptive name of the Controller Type
✓ locationPrecision	Accuracy of the location determination
✓ manufacturerName	Name of manufacturer
✓ productFamily	Product family name of the controller
✓ model	Model of the Controller
✓ mechanicalInterfaces	Type of mechanical connection or socket

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✓ electricalInterfaces	The control interface protocol type of the connector of the driver.
✓ protocols	Type of digital communication of the controller

#### Event log data

Event log data contains a single event, with eventType and value, in each single log entry. It also includes information about whether the log denotes the start or end of the event. Furthermore additional information can be added with the info attribute.

# **Properties**

# Property	Description
✓ eventType	Identifier of event reported
✓ srcAddress	Address of Logical device or function within a logical device which is the source of the event or to which this event applies
✓ startEndFlag	If the event denotes either the start or end of a 'special' period, this flag shall be included

#### Command

A command defines a type of control action that can be applied to a function. Commands can be generated by a manual override action or by a control program.

# **Properties**

# Property	Description
✓ state	Light state to be applied to the lamp actuator
✓ reason	Indicates the command was triggered by override, sensor or control program
<b>✓</b> cmsRefld	CMS reference, which can be used for data logging. The cmsRefld in a Command is a free text to be used by the CMS for any purpose, e.g. to differentiate contexts. It is a token that allows the CMS to match client requests to the original notification.
✓ refAddress	Reference to the source of the command, e.g. sensor or control program
✓ start	Time when the control action resulting from command shall start.  This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to start an override action. If not specified, the override command starts immediately.
<b>✓</b> expiration	Time when the control action resulting from command shall be terminated. This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to stop an override action. After the expiration of an override command, the system should go back to the state defined by the active control program. If not specified, there is no expiration for the override command.

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received, the subsequent command shall take precedence.

✓ rampToLevelTime*	The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified level. The change will be finished rampToLevelTime seconds after: the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the
	reception of the request, or the command.start time attribute, if the
	change comes from an override command, or; the sensor event is
	raised if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one
	command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is

✓ rampFromLevelTime\* The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified level. The change will be finished rampFromLevelTime seconds after: the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the reception of the request if the change comes from an override command; expiry of the related command, or; the sensor event is lowered and the hold time subsequently expires if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is received, the subsequent command shall take precedence.

#### Group

A group is set of entities that can be addressed by the same group address. Devices and functions within devices can be assigned to a group. A group may also include other groups as members.

#### **Properties**

#	Property	Description
<b>~</b>	address	Group address
<b>~</b>	members	TALQ Addresses of members of the group

\*: The Certification Test Tool is designed to provide a high level of confidence that complementary systems can communicate successfully. As both the protocol and the test tool evolve, all mandatory and other core tests are confirmed by comparison with real-life scenarios (plug-fest or similar). Some tests of optional and more peripheral features may not yet have been confirmed in this way; such features are identified with an asterisk (\*).

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the TALQ Certification Tool (v2.5.1-online.3-vpf-2) on 2024-07-23 17:13:16.422 +0200.

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