

Certified Capability List

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the *TALQ Certification Tool (v2.6.2-online.6) on 2025-06-11 14:17:32.302 +0300.*

The Capability List is a consolidated list of TALQ features which are implemented in a product.

The tool has succesfully performed 92 tests.

Product details

Product Name	inteliLIGHT CMS
Company	Flashnet
Туре	CMS
URL	https://talq-cert.flashnet.ro:8080
Notes	
Generated on	2025-06-11 14:17:32.302 +0300
Supported profiles	• Lighting
API version certified:	2.6.2
Certification performed by app version:	2.6.2-online.6

Functional tests

The Functional Tests help customers understand the capabilities of a TALQ-certified product. All functional test cases are presented to provide comprehensive context, and successful completion of each test is indicated with a tick mark. Each Functional Test is related to a set of required TALQ technical test cases.

Configuring 8 of 11

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Support light point control features

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The CMS properly handles the bootstrap process and creates the associated light point control functions and services.

CFG-1

Support cabinet control lighting features

The CMS properly handles the bootstrap process and creates the associated cabinet control lighting functions and services.

CFG-2

Support sensor-based light point control features

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The CMS properly handles the bootstrap process and creates the associated sensor-based light point **CFG-3** control functions and services.

Discovery of the network of devices

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The CMS receives and handle all the devices that are sent by the Gateway and properly handles their device classes, asset and other properties.

CFG-4

Initialize light point electrical alarm thresholds

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The CMS is able to set light point electrical alarm thresholds in the Gateway, including Lamp Voltage Too High/Low, Lamp Current Too High/Low, Active Power Too High/Low and Power Factor Too Low

CFG-5

Initialize and change the cabinet control alarm thresholds

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The CMS is able to set cabinet control electrical alarm thresholds in the Gateway, including < to be defined >

CFG-6

Initialize and change the light point parameters

The CMS is able to set the light point parametes in the Gateway.

CFG-7

Initialize and change a group of luminaires

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The CMS is able to manage a group of light points and send it to the Gateway.

CFG-8

Change the sampling frequency for measurements

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Flashnet-inteliLIGHT CMS-2025-06-11 14:17:32.302 +0300-CMS-TALQv2.6.2-online.6-CapabilityList The CMS can configure the sampling rate of values . Change the reporting frequency for measurements **CFG-10** The CMS can configure the reporting frequency of values . Update the firmware of the hardware devices CFG-11 The CMS can send a data package to the Gateway to update the firmware on a physical device.

10 of 11 Monitoring

Measure and report basic electrical values (Current/Voltage/Active Power/Power Factor)

The CMS properly handles electrical values including mains voltage, current, active power and power factor sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

Measure and report cumulating energy counter

The CMS properly handles energy counter sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

Report lamps' number of operating hours

The CMS properly handles lamp operating hours sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging MTG-3 service.

Report lamps' number of switch-on counter

The CMS properly handles lamp switch-on sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service. MTG-4

Report lamps' number of supply loss counter

MTG-5 The CMS properly handles supply loss count sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

Monitor the lamp level feedback when a manual override command is sent

The CMS properly sends a manual override command and can use On-Demand read to check that the MTG-6 lamp level feedback is getting close to the command after a configurable delay.

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Report temperature

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The CMS properly handles temperature values sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

MTG-8

Report presence detection



The CMS properly handles presence detection values sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

MTG-9

Report noise level



The CMS properly handles noise level values sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

MTG-10

Report light level



The CMS properly handles light level values sent by the Gateway using one of the data logging service.

MTG-11

Report firmware updating process

Tha CMS properly handles events sent by the Gateway during the firmware update process.

MTG-12

Controlling

7 of 7

Manual control over a light point



The CMS can send a simple manual override command to one single light point.

CTR-1

Manual control over a group of light points



The CMS can send a simple manual override command to a group of light points.

CTR-2

Manual control with a delay



The CMS can send a manual override command to one single light point with a delay in the command execution.

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Manual control with a ramp

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The CMS can send a manual override command to one single light point with a rampup in the command execution.

CTR-4

Automatic switch light on/off based on photocell value

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The CMS can send a control program that configures the Gateway to switch the light ON and OFF on a single light point.

Automatic change of light level when presence detected

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The CMS can send a control program that configures the Gateway to change the light dimming level depending on a local presence sensor on a single light point.

Automatic change of light level when noise detected

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The CMS can send a control program that configures the Gateway to change the light dimming level depending on a local noise sensor on a single light point.

CTR-7

Alarming 5 of 5

Report lighting alarms to the CMS

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The CMS can handle lighting alarms sent by a Gateway using one of the data logger services.

ALR-1

Report electrical alarms to the CMS

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The CMS can handle electrical alarms sent by a Gateway using one of the data logger services.

ALR-2

Report invalid program and calendar

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The CMS can handle invalid calendar and control program alarms sent by a Gateway using one of the data logger services.

Report activity for sensor based lighting

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The CMS can handle activity detection events sent by a Gateway using one of the data logger services.

ALR-4

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Request the status of the alarm

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The CMS can ask the Gateway for the status of the alarm and handdle the response.

ALR-5

Programming

9 of 9

Fix time switching+dimming control program that applies to all days in the year



The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a control program that switches and dims a light point at fix time all days in the year.

Astro-clock switching + fix time dimming control program that applies to all days in the year

The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a control program that switches a light point at sunrise/sunset +/- few minutes and dim it during an astro-clock active period, all days in the year.

PRG-2

Photocell switching + fix time dimming control program that applies to all days in the year ✓

The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a control program that switches a light point when photocell indicates darkness and dim it during the photocell active period, all days in the year.

PRG-3

Photocell and astro-clock switching + fix time dimming control program that applies to all days in the year

The Gateway ccan generate and send to a Gateway a control program that switches a light point when PRG-4 photocell indicates darkness or at sunrise/sunset +:- few minutes (the earlier for switch ON/OFF) and dim it

Part night switching program

during the photocell active period, all days in the year.



The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a control program that switches a light point OFF at fixed time in the middle of the night.

PRG-5

Support exceptional periods (e.g., Sept 10th to Oct 16th)



The CMS can generate and send a calendar that has a default rule for all days in the year and another PRG-6 higher priority calendar that applies from DAY 1 to DAY 2.

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Support exceptional week days (e.g., every Saturday and Sunday)

The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a calendar that has a default rule for all days in the year PRG-7 and another higher priority calendar that applies every Saturday night and Sunday night, every day in the year.

Support exceptional week days (e.g., every Saturday and Sunday) and exceptional periods (e.g., Sept 10th to Oct 16th)

The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a calendar that has a default rule for all days in the year, another higher priority calendar that applies every Saturday night and Sunday night, every day in the year and another higher priority calendar that applies to every saturday between DAY 1 and DAY 2.

Support dynamic lighting program based on sensor detection

The CMS can generate and send to a Gateway a control program that has rule based on presence sensor.

PRG-9

Capability list

Security

Enabled <

Functions

Basic

The Basic function describes the properties related to the physical asset to which the logical device is associated, such as identification (assetId) and location information.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ assetId	Customer identifier of the asset. If multiple devices have the same assetId it means they belong to the same asset.
✓ serial	Serial number of the device.

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~	hwType	Hardware type of the device.		
~	hwVersion	Hardware revision of the device.		
~	swType	Software type of device. This attribute may be useful if the same hardware supports multiple firmware versions with different functions.		
~	swVersion	Software version installed on the device.		
~	installationDate	The installation date of Physical Device.		
~	location	Latitude, Longitude and Altitude. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new LocationSensorFunction.location instead.]		
~	deviceReset	The physical device containing the logical device was reset.		
~	timeZone	Time zone of the device. Time zone may be expressed in two formats. <timezone> where <timezone> is a time zone as defined in the zone.tab of the IANA timezone database [IANA]; and stdoffset[dst[offset][,start[/time],en d[/time]]] as defined by the Open Group for posix systems [POSIX]. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TimeFunction.timeZone instead.]</timezone></timezone>		
~	currentTime	Current time of the device defined as local time with time zone designator. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TimeFunction.currentTime instead.]		
~	commandConfirma	tion Allows the CMS to reboot, factory reset or configuration reset of the device. Before rebooting or resetting the device this attribute has to be true. Default value = false		
~	reboot	Reboot the device. This operational attribute requires the commandConfirmation attribute value to be set to true.		
✓ Fva	operatingHours	Number of operating hours of the device.		
#	Event type	Description		
.	deviceReset	The physical device containing the logical device was reset		
~	batteryMode	Device operating in battery mode		
~	installationMode	evice operating in battery mode		
~		Device is undergoing maintenance		
~	cabinetDoorOpen	Cabinet door is open. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new SegmentMonitor.cabinetDoorOpen instead.]		
~	batteryShutdown	Indicates the device has shut down due to battery discharge		
✓ locationUpdated Indic		Indicates the location of a device has changed.		

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Communication

The Communication Function contains attributes related to the communication within the ODN, and between ODN devices and Gateways. Although communication within the ODN is outside the scope of the TALQ Smart City Protocol, this Function enables access to a minimum set of configuration and state information of the ODN communication interface in order to facilitate system management from the CMS.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	communicationType	Type of communication technology implemented by the ODN (e.g. power line, wireless).
~	physicalAddress	Physical address of the device. For example, IEEE MAC address. This attribute can be used to map between logical and physical devices. The format is specific to the ODN implementation.
~	parentAddress	TALQ Address of the parent device, e.g. gateway. It shall point to a specific communication function.
~	communicationQuality	Indicator of the quality of the communication with the device. 100% means good quality.
~	communicationFailure	This attribute is updated by the ODN when the communication function is not operating as expected.

Events

# Event type	Description
✓ communicationFailure	This event is generated by the ODN when the communication function is not operating as expected

Gateway

The Gateway function includes the necessary attributes to enable the communication between the CMS and the Gateway according to the TALQ Specification.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	cmsUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the Gateway to access the CMS. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing CMS can be relative to this base.
~	cmsAddress	CMS UUID address
~	gatewayUri	Base URI for TALQ communication that allows the CMS to access the Gateway. Must be an absolute URI. Other URI's for accessing Gateway can be relative to this base.
~	gatewayAddress	Gateway UUID address

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✓ retryPeriod	Time duration before the Gateway retransmits a message for which expected response has not been received. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new GatewayFunction.gatewayRetryPeriod instead.]
✓ crlUrn	URI where the Gateway can obtain the Certification Revocation List (CRL).
✓ vendor	Vendor identification.

Lamp Actuator

The Lamp Actuator function includes attributes related to lighting control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes. In practice, however, a Lamp Actuator function can control combinations of several lamps and control gear but all in the same way, as if they are all one individual unit.

Attributes

# Attribute		Description
✓ lampTypeld		TALQ Address of an existing lampType.
✓ defaultLightS	State	Sets the default light output for the lamp actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active. This attribute shall be set to 100% as default value.
✓ targetLightCo	ommand	Latest command for the lamp actuator.
✓ feedbackLigh	ntCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualLightState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.
✓ actualLightSt	tate	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the light source as much as possible, including factors such as CLO. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ calendarID		TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this lamp actuator. If this attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.
✓ invalidCalend	dar	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a calendar that it cannot implement.
✓ invalidProgra	ım	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a control program that it cannot implement.
✓ lightStateCha	ange	Light state has changed.
✓ calendarCha	nge	The calendar applicable to the lamp actuator has changed.

Events

#	Event type	Description

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✓ lightStateChange	Light state has changed
✓ invalidCalendar	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a calendar that it cannot implement
✓ invalidProgram	The lamp actuator function has been allocated a control program that it cannot implement
✓ calendarChange	The calendar applicable to the lamp actuator has changed

Lamp Monitor

The Lamp Monitor function enables monitoring of lamp parameters. A Lamp Monitor function should be associated with a specific lamp/control gear combination. Multiple lamp monitor functions may be implemented by a single device.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ numberOfLamps	Number of lamps being monitored by the lamp monitor function.
✓ switchOnCounter	Cumulative number of ON/OFF cycles since installation of th lamp. The wrap around value is 2e32 - 1.
✓ operatingHours	Number of hours the lamp is on. This is the value used in CLO and may be set by the CMS.
✓ temperature	Temperature of the device implementing this function. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature instead.]
✓ supplyVoltage	RMS supply volts when supplyType is AC, supply voltage (V) when supplyType is DC.
✓ supplyCurrent	RMS supply current (A) when supplyType is AC, supply current (A) when supplyType is DC.
✓ activePower	Active power.
✓ reactivePower	Reactive power.
✓ apparentPower	Apparent Power.
✓ powerFactor	Active power/Apparent power.
✓ powerFactorSense	Phase sense of power factor.
✓ activeEnergy	Cumulative active energy (since installation or counter reset).
✓ lampFailure	The lamp is not operating as it is supposed to (e.g. the lamp is broken). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) should be lit, but produce no light. This could be detected by the current flowing or power consumed.

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a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) is lighting at a dimming level which is different from the expected dimming level, taking into account the programmed (or manual) level as well any correction (e.g. virtual power, constant light output). CurrentTooHigh Supply current is above the highCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type. CurrentTooLow Supply current is below the lowCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type. Indicates temperature is above the high threshold. Indicates temperature is above the high threshold [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHigh instead.] relayFailure Set in case of internal relay is failing (e.g. it may be stuck in either on or off position). Typically if contactor error isused as well. absoluteLampPowerTooHigh Indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type absoluteLampPowerTooLow Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type controlGearCommFailure Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner. This event shall be used to indicate a lamp which cycles while it should be on. The actual detection algorithm is outside the scope of this specification. supplyLoss Indicates loss of mains power. leakageDetected Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected. supplyVoltageTooHigh Level of supply voltage is above the highLampVoltageThreshold.	_	dimmina Failure	The lamp is not dispusies as it is supposed to (a set less dut ou
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✓ highTemperature Indicates temperature is above the high threshold [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHigh instead.] ✓ relayFailure Set in case of internal relay is failing (e.g. it may be stuck in either on or off position). Typically if contactor error isused as well. ✓ absoluteLampPowerTooHigh indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type ✓ absoluteLampPowerTooLow Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type ✓ controlGearCommFailure Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type ✓ controlGearCommFailure Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner. This event shall be used to indicate a lamp which cycles while it should be on. The actual detection algorithm is outside the scope of this specification. ✓ supplyLoss Indicates loss of mains power. ✓ leakageDetected Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected. ✓ supplyVoltageTooHigh Level of supply voltage is above the highLampVoltageThreshold. ✓ supplyVoltageTooLow Level of supply voltage is below the lowSupplyVoltageThreshold. ✓ highSupplyVoltageThreshold Supply voltage above which the supplyVoltageTooHigh event is triggered. Events	~	currentTooLow	
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is triggered. Events	~	highSupplyVoltageThreshold	
	✓		
# Event type Description	⊏v€		
	#	Event type	Description

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✓	lampPowerTooHigh	Lamp power is greater than expected lamp power + lampPowerTolerance
~	lampPowerTooLow	Lamp power is smaller than expected lamp power - lampPowerTolerance
~	lampVoltageTooHigh	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is greater than highLampVoltageThreshold.
~	lampVoltageTooLow	Level of lamp voltage (not supply voltage) is smaller than lowLampVoltageThreshold.
~	currentTooHigh	Supply current is above the highCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type
~	currentTooLow	Supply current is below the lowCurrentThreshold defined in the lamp type
~	powerFactorTooLow	The power factor is below powerFactorThreshold
~	lampFailure	The lamp is not operating as it is supposed to (e.g. the lamp is broken). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) should be lit, but produce no light. This could be detected by the current flowing or power consumed.
~	dimmingFailure	The lamp is not dimming as it is supposed to (e.g. the driver is not connected properly). This event shall be used to detect a situation where the lamp (or LED module(s)) is lighting at a dimming level which is different from the expected dimming level, taking into account the programmed (or manual) level as well any correction (e.g. virtual power, constant light output).
~	highTemperature	Indicates temperature is above the high threshold
~	relayFailure	Set in case of internal relay is failing
~	absoluteLampPowerTooHigh	Indicates the power is above the lampPowerHighThreshold in the lamp type
~	absoluteLampPowerTooLow	Indicates the power is below the lampPowerLowThreshold in the lamp type
~	controlGearCommFailure	Indicates failure of the control gear
~	cyclingFailure	Indicates the lamp is constantly switching ON and OFF in an unexpected manner
~	supplyLoss	Indicates loss of mains power
~	contactorError	Indicates error in contactor
~	lampUnexpectedOn	Indicates lamp is unexpectedly on
~	leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected
~	supplyVoltageTooHigh	Level of supply voltage is above the highLampVoltageThreshold.

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✓ supplyVoltageTooLow Level of supply voltage is below the lowSupplyVoltageThreshold.

Electrical Meter

The electrical meter function supports electrical metering capabilities including measurements of voltage, current, power, energy, and power factor. This function may be associated with Luminaire Controllers, Cabinet Controllers or electrical meters installed in switch boxes. ODNs may implement both single phase and three phase meters. Typically meters within a control device will be single phase and stand-alone meters. A street side cabinet may have single phase or three phase meters.

Attributes

ŧ	Attribute	Description
/	phase1VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase1VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase1VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase1VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
/	phase2VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase2VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase2VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase2VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
/	phase3VoltageHighThreshold	RMS voltage above which the phase3VoltageTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase3VoltageLowThreshold	RMS voltage below which the phase3VoltageTooLow event is triggered.
/	neutralCurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the neutralCurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase1CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase1CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase1CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase1CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
/	phase2CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase2CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase2CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase2CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
/	phase3CurrentHighThreshold	RMS current above which the phase3CurrentTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase3CurrentLowThreshold	RMS current below which the phase3CurrentTooLow event is triggered.
/	phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase1ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
/	phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase1ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.

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~	phase2ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase2ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
~	phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase2ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.
~	phase3ActivePowerHighThreshold	Power above which the phase3ActivePowerTooHigh event is triggered.
~	phase3ActivePowerLowThreshold	Power below which the phase3ActivePowerTooLow event is triggered.
~	totalPower	Sum of the active power consumed on phase 1, 2 and 3, or just the power for a single phase meter.
~	totalActiveEnergy	Total cumulative kWh measured by the meter since installation date (or counter reset).
✓	totalReactiveEnergy	Total cumulative kVArh measured by the meter since installation date (or counter reset).
~	frequency	Frequency on the line.
~	totalPowerFactor	Total active power divided by total apparent power.
~	phase1PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 1.
~	phase2PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 2.
~	phase3PowerFactor	Power factor on phase 3.
~	supplyVoltage	Average between Phase1 RMS Voltage, Phase2 RMS Voltage and Phase3 RMS Voltage, or in the case of a single phase meter just the RMS supply voltage.
~	phase1Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 1 and neutral.
~	phase2Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 2 and neutral.
~	phase3Voltage	RMS Voltage between phase 3 and neutral.
~	totalCurrent	Sum of the RMS currents on phase 1, 2 and 3.
~	averageCurrent	Average RMS current on phase 1, 2 and 3.
~	neutralCurrent	RMS current on neutral.
~	phase1Current	RMS current on phase 1.
~	phase2Current	RMS current on phase 2.
~	phase3Current	RMS current on phase 3.
~	phase1ActivePower	Active Power on phase 1.
		Active Power on phase 2.
~	phase2ActivePower	Active Fower on phase 2.
	phase2ActivePower phase3ActivePower	Active Power on phase 3.
✓	·	·

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 ✓ phase1ReactivePower ✓ phase2ReactivePower Reactive Power on phase 1. ✓ Reactive Power on phase 2. 	
✓ phase2ReactivePower Reactive Power on phase 2.	
✓ phase3ReactivePower Reactive Power on phase 3.	
✓ phase1VoltageTooHigh Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is above the phase1VoltageHighThreshold.	
✓ phase1VoltageTooLow Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is below the phase1VoltageLowThreshold.	
✓ phase2VoltageTooHigh Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is above the phase2VoltageHighThreshold.	
✓ phase2VoltageTooLow Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is below the phase2VoltageLowThreshold.	
✓ phase3VoltageTooHigh Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is above the phase3VoltageHighThreshold.	
✓ phase3VoltageTooLow Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is below the phase3VoltageLowThreshold.	
✓ neutralCurrentTooHigh Indicates the neutral current is above the neutralCurrentHighThreshold.	
✓ phase1CurrentTooHigh Indicates the phase 1 current is above the phase1CurrentHighThreshold.	
✓ phase1CurrentTooLow Indicates the phase 1 current is below the phase1CurrentLowThreshold.	
✓ phase2CurrentTooHigh Indicates the phase 2 current is above the phase2CurrentHighThreshold.	
✓ phase2CurrentTooLow Indicates the phase 2 current is below the phase2CurrentLowThreshold.	
✓ phase3CurrentTooHigh Indicates the phase 3 current is above the phase3CurrentHighThreshold.	
✓ phase3CurrentTooLow Indicates the phase 3 current is below the phase3CurrentLowThreshold.	
✓ phase1ActivePowerTooHigh Indicates the phase 1 active power is above the phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold.	
✓ phase1ActivePowerTooLow Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold.	
✓ phase2ActivePowerTooHigh Indicates the phase 2 active power is above the phase2ActivePowerHighThreshold.	
✓ phase2ActivePowerTooLow Indicates the phase 2 active power is below the phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold.	

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✓ phase3ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 3 active power is above the phase3ActivePowerHighThreshold.
✓ phase3ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 3 active power is below the phase3ActivePowerLowThreshold.
✓ supplyLoss	Indicates loss of supply (power).

#	Event type	Description
	neutralCurrentTooHigh	Indicates the neutral current is above the neutralCurrentHighThreshold
/	phase1VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is above the phase1VoltageHighThreshold
~	phase1VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 1 supply voltage is below the phase1VoltageLowThreshold
~	phase1CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 1 current is above the phase1CurrentHighThreshold
/	phase1CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 current is below the phase1CurrentLowThreshold
/	phase1ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 1 active power is above the phase1ActivePowerHighThreshold
/	phase1ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the phase1ActivePowerLowThreshold
/	phase2VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is above the phase2VoltageHighThreshold
/	phase2VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 2 supply voltage is below the phase2VoltageLowThreshold
	phase2CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 2 current is above the phase2CurrentHighThreshold
	phase2CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 2 current is below the phase2CurrentLowThreshold
/	phase2ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 2 active power is above the phase2ActivePowerHighThreshold
/	phase2ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 2 active power is below the phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold
/	phase3VoltageTooHigh	Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is above the phase3VoltageHighThreshold
/	phase3VoltageTooLow	Indicates phase 3 supply voltage is below the phase3VoltageLowThreshold
/	phase3CurrentTooHigh	Indicates the phase 3 current is above the phase3CurrentHighThreshold

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✓ phase3CurrentTooLow	Indicates the phase 3 current is below the phase3CurrentLowThreshold
✓ phase3ActivePowerTooHigh	Indicates the phase 3 active power is above the phase3ActivePowerHighThreshold
✓ phase3ActivePowerTooLow	Indicates the phase 1 active power is below the phase2ActivePowerLowThreshold
✓ supplyLoss	Indicates loss of supply (power).

Photocell

A Photocell function models the capabilities of a photocell that can be used for lighting control. This function shall be supported by the CMS and optionally by the ODNs (Gateway).

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ onLevel	Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to on state.
✓ offLevel	Illuminance level at which the photocell switches to off state.
✓ photocellOutput	Output state of the photocell. Possible values are ON (means the illuminance level has fallen below the onLevel) and OFF (means the illuminance level has risen above the offLevel).

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	photocellOutputOn	The photocell output has changed to ON

Light Sensor

A Light Sensor function models the output of light sensor. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	levelHighThreshold	Light level above which a levelTooHigh event is triggered.
~	levelLowThreshold	Light level below which a levelTooLow event is triggered.
~	lightLevel	Illuminance level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	levelTooHigh	Indicates the light level is above the levelHighThreshold
~	levelTooLow	Indicates the light level is below the levelLowThreshold

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Binary Sensor

A Binary Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides a digital, binary output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
✓	level	Sensor Output level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	sensorOutputOn	Indicates the sensor output changed to ON

Generic Sensor

A Generic Sensor function can be used to model any sensor that provides an analog or multilevel output. This function is optional for both CMS and Gateway, but when supported the requirements in this section shall apply.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	levelHighThreshold	Threshold above which a levelTooHigh event is triggered.
~	levelLowThreshold	Threshold below which a levelTooLow event is triggered.
~	level	Sensor Output level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	levelTooHigh	Indicates the sensor output level is above the levelHighThreshold
~	levelTooLow	Indicates the sensor output level is below the levelLowThreshold

Generic Actuator

The Generic Actuator function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	defaultState	Sets the default state output for the generic actuator. This shall be applicable if no other command is active.

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	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ targetCommand	Latest command for the generic actuator.
	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.
✓ stateChange	The state has changed.
	TALQ Address of the calendar controlling this generic actuator. If this attribute is empty, the behavior shall be determined by the ODN. If the attribute is invalid, the ODN shall trigger a generic invalid address event and the behavior shall be determined by the ODN.
	This event is generated when a calendar has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
-	This event is generated when the calendar applicable to the actuator has changed.

# Event type	Description
✓ stateChange	The state has changed.
✓ invalidCalendar	This event is generated when a calendar has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
✓ invalidProgram	This event is generated when a control program has been allocated and can not be implemented it.
✓ programChange	This event is generated when the control program applicable to the actuator has changed.
✓ calendarChange	This event is generated when the calendar applicable to the actuator has changed.
✓ targetCommandChange	This event is generated when the targetCommand has changed.

Temperature Sensor

The Temperature Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the temperature in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	temperatureHighThreshold	Threshold above which a temperatureTooHigh event is triggered.
~	temperatureLowThreshold	Threshold below which a temperatureTooLow event is triggered.

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✓ fireDetectionThreshold	Threshold above which a fireDetected event is triggered.
✓ temperature	Output temperature.

#	Event type	Description
~	temperatureTooHigh	Indicates the output temperature is above the temperatureHighThreshold.
~	temperatureTooLow	Indicates the output temperature is below the temperatureLowThreshold.
~	fireDetected	Indicates the output temperature is above the fireDetectionThreshold.

Humidity Sensor

The Humidity Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the humidity in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	humidityLowThreshold	talq.feature.attribute.HumiditySensorFunction.humidityLowThreshold.desc
~	humidityHighThreshold	Threshold above which a humidityTooHigh event is triggered.
~	humidity	Output humidity.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	humidityTooHigh	Indicates the output humidity is above the humidityHighThreshold.

Particulate Matter Sensor

The Particulate Matter Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the PM10, PM2.5 and PM1 in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	pm1HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm1TooHigh event is triggered.
~	pm2- 5HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm2-5TooHigh event is triggered.
~	pm10HighThreshold	Threshold (micrograms/m3) above which a pm10TooHigh event is triggered.
~	pm1	Level of pm1 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)

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✓ pm2-5	Level of pm2-5 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)
✓ pm10	Level of pm10 measured by the sensor. (micrograms/m3)
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the particulate matter sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Air Quality Sensor'
✓ pm1-24hAverage	Average level of pm1 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)
✓ pm2-5-24hAverage	Average level of pm2.5 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)
✓ pm10-24hAverage	Average level of pm10 measured by the sensor during the last 24h. (micrograms/m3)

# Event t	type Descripti	on
✓ pm1Too	oHigh Indicates	the output pm1 is above the pm1HighThreshold.
✓ pm2-51	TooHigh Indicates	the output pm2-5 is above the pm2-5HighThreshold.
✓ pm10Tc	ooHigh Indicates	the output pm10 is above the pm10HighThreshold.

Presence Sensor

The Presence Sensor function allows a CMS to detect presence. This function may be used in Parking Place detectors as well as in dynamic outdoor lighting scenario.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	presenceStatus	Presence status.
~	presenceStatusChanged	Indicates the presence status changed.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	presenceStatusChanged	Indicates the presence status changed.

Movement Sensor

The Movement Sensor function allows a CMS to detect movement. This function may be used in a Waste Container sensor to detect that container gets emptied or is not in the proper position, as well as in asset tracking applications. [DEPRECATED: This function has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new LocationSensorFunction instead.]

Attributes

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~	movementThreshold	Threshold above which a movementDetected event is triggered.

✓ movementDetected Indicates the movement is above the movementThreshold.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	movementDetected	Indicates the movement is above the movementThreshold.
~	notInProperPosition	Indicates the sensor is not in proper position.

Battery Level Sensor

The Battery Level Sensor function allows to measure the charge of the battery, monitor the battery and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	powerSource	The power source of battery.
~	batteryLevelLowThreshold	Threshold below which a batteryLevelTooLow event is triggered.
~	batteryLevel	Battery level.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	batteryLevelTooLow	talq.feature.event.BatteryLevelSensorFunction.batteryLevelTooLow.desc

Filling Level Sensor

The Filling Level Sensor function allows to measure how full a container is and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ levelHighThreshold	Threshold (m) above which a fillingHeight event is triggered.
✓ containerHeight	Container height (m).
✓ containerVolume	Container volume (m^3).
✓ fillingHeight	Filling container height (m).
✓ fillingPercentage	Filling percentage.
✓ contentsType	Indicates de type of contents in the container. Some technologies, such as ultrasonic sensors, need this information in order to measeure accuratelly. Possible values are: mixed waste, organic, paper, plastics, glass, liquid, clothing, electronics, metal or other. If other is selected, then contentsOtherType shall be used.

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contentsOtherType Type of contents if it is not included in the Enum list of contents for contentsType.

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	containerFull	Indicates the container filling height is above levelHighThreshold.

Solar Battery Charger[★]

A solar battery charger is used to charge a battery with solar energy. Typical use cases are energy demanding off-grid applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more.

Attributes

Description Measured DC voltage of the charger input (V). Measured DC current of the charger input (A).
Measured DC current of the charger input (A).
Output voltage (V).
Output current (A).
Measured temperature of the charger circuit (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Charger instead.]
Measured temperature of the attached photovoltaic module (C) [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=PVT instead.]
Accumulated energy yield since accumulatedSince (Wh).
Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall start charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and th value is the voltage.
Configuration parameter to set input voltage thresholds at different temperatures at which the battery charger shall cease charging the battery (V, C). The values are stored as a list of KVPs (Key-Value Pair), where the key is the temperature and th value is the voltage.

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✓ highTemperatureThreshold	Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.]
✓ lowTemperatureThreshold	Threshold above which the lowTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooLowThreshold instead.]
✓ highPowerThreshold	Threshold above which the highPower event is triggered (W).
✓ accumulatedSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedEnergy is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.

# Event type	Description
✓ highTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is above the high temperature threshold.
✓ lowTemperature	Indicates the measured temperature is below the low temperature threshold.
✓ highPower	Indicates the power exceeds highPowerThreshold.
✓ charging	Indicates whether the battery is being charged.

Battery Management System*

A battery management system is used to monitor the charging and discharging of a battery and protect the battery. Typical use cases are (off-grid) applications like solar lighting, solar vehicle charging (cars and bikes), public transit information, traffic control, public security (CCTV) and many more, where the battery is charged and discharged on a regular basis.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ batteryChemistry	Attribute to define the battery chemistry. (e.g.: Lead Acid, Lithium-Iron-Phosphate (LiFePO4), Nickel-Metal-Hydrid (NiMH), Lithium-Titanate-Oxide (LTO),)
✓ nominalVoltage	Attribute to set the nominal voltage of the battery in V (at room temperature). This can be used to calculate the capacity and to configure the BMS.
✓ nominalCapacity	Attribute to set the nominal capacity of the battery in Ah (at room temperature).
✓ batteryVoltage	Measurement of the battery voltage in V

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~	batteryCurrent	Measurement of the battery current in A. This value can be negative due to polarity.
~	batteryLevel	Percentage
~	estimatedCapacity	This attribute gives an estimated remaining capacity of the battery in Ah. This depends very much on the wear and age of the battery.
~	temperature	Temperature at the battery in C. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperature with applicationType=Battery instead.]
~	batteryEOCVoltageTemperatureMap	End of charge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
~	batteryEODVoltageTemperatureMap	End of discharge voltages (V) of the battery for various temperatures (C)
~	batteryFullThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is full.
~	batteryEmptyThreshold	Level threshold to indicate that the battery is empty.
~	overCurrentChargeThreshold	Maximum charge current threshold (A)
~	overCurrentDischargeThreshold	Maximum discharge current threshold (A)
~	highTemperatureThreshold	Threshold above which the highTemperature event is triggered (C). [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new TemperatureSensorFunction.temperatureTooHighThreshold instead.]

# Event type	Description	
✓ batteryFull	Indicates that the battery is full.	
✓ batteryEmpty	yEmpty Indicates that the battery is empty.	
✓ overCurrentCharge	Indicates that the charge current is higher than the threshold.	
✓ overCurrentDischarge	overCurrentDischarge Indicates that the discharge current is higher than the threshold	
✓ highTemperature	Indicates that the measured temperature is higher than the threshold.	

Traffic Counter*

The Traffic Counter Function is used to provide statistics on the number of vehicles passing on the road. It allows to have the number of pedestrians, bicycles, cars or trucks for a certain period of time that is configurable by the CMS. It also allows to count the number of vehicles using diesel or petrol.

Attributes

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#	Attribute	Description
~	roadUserNumber	Number of road users of the specified type detected over the sampling period.
~	accumulatedRoadUserNumber	measurement Number of road users of the specified type detected since accumulatedSince.
~	roadUser	Type of road user (pedestrian, bicycle, motorcycle, car, truck, diesel vehicle, petrol vehicle, electric vehicle, scoote others).
~	accumulatedSince	Indicates the date and time at which accumulatedRoadUserNumber is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
~	heavyTrafficDetectedThreshold	Threshold above which heavyTrafficDetected is triggered.
~	trafficSamplingPeriod	Used by heavyTrafficDetected and roadUserNumber. In seconds.

#	Event type	Description
~	heavyTrafficDetected	Triggered if the traffic measured over the sampling period is above heavyTrafficDetectedThreshold.

Location Sensor*

The Location Sensor Function is used to indicate that an object has changed position attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. For example, a specific location (latitude, longitude) of a device could be defined by the vendor. If the device is equipped with a GPS, it could send a specific event indicating that its position is different to the one defined by the CMS. We might also want to let the configuration to the vendor itself and simply define events notifying the CMS that the default configuration has changed. For example, a garbage bin could have its location defined based on a sensor placed on the floor. If the bin is not above this sensor, the vendor will trigger an event. In this last case, the CMS does not need to configure anything.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ expectedLocation	Nominal location of the device
✓ locationChangedThreshold	Distance (meters)
✓ location	Location of the device
✓ locationChanged	Triggered when the difference between location and expectedLocation is above locationChangedThreshold

Events

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✓ locationChanged Triggered when the difference between location and expectedLocation is above locationChangedThreshold

Accelerometer*

The Accelerometer Function is used to indicate that an object has had an impact with another object and to report its acceleration.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold	Threshold for acceleration above which impactDetected is triggered (g)
~	accelerationSamplingPeriod	In seconds
~	accelerationX	Maximum acceleration on the X axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
~	accelerationY	Maximum acceleration on the Y axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
~	accelerationZ	Maximum acceleration on the Z axis (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
~	acceleration	Maximum acceleration of the device (g) over accelerationSamplingPeriod
~	impactDetected	Indicates that the acceleration is above impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold

Events

# Event type Description	
✓ impactDetected Indicates that the acceleration is above impactDetectedAccelerationThreshold	

Orientation*

The Orientation function is used to indicate that an object has changed orientation based on attributes configurable by the CMS or based on internal setup of the vendor. The target orientation of the object could be configured by the CMS or could be handled by the vendor. In the latter case, the configuration is let to the vendor itself and events are triggered depending on internal configuration.

Attributes

# Attribute		Description
✓ expectedOrienta	ation	Nominal orientation of the device
✓ orientationChan	gedThreshold	Threshold above which orientationChanged is triggered
✓ orientation		Orientation of the device

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~	orientationChanged	Triggered when orientation differs from expectedOrientation
		by more than orientationChangedThreshold on any angle, or
		when the device determines itself that its orientation has
		changed.

#	Event type	Description
✓	orientationChanged	Triggered when orientation differs from expectedOrientation by more than orientationChangedThreshold on any angle, or when the device determines itself that its orientation has changed.

Fluid Level Sensor*

The Fluid Level Sensor function allows to collect data and events about fluid levels. It could be used to measure fluid levels in channels, lakes, containers, etc.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	fluidLevelTooHighThreshold	Threshold above which fluidLevelTooHighThreshold is triggered. In meters
~	fluidLevelTooLowThreshold	Threshold below which fluidLevelTooLowThreshold is triggered. In meters
~	distanceSensorBottom	Distance between the sensor and the bottom of the channel, lake, container, etc. In meters
~	fluidLevel	Fluid level in meters

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	fluidLevelTooHigh	Triggered when fluidLevel is above fluidLevelTooHighThreshold
~	fluidLevelTooLow	Triggered when fluidLevel is below fluidLevelTooLowThreshold

Waste Container[★]

The Waste Container function allows to log when the container is collected and send events in case the date is above a configurable thresholds. Additionly it sends events when the contents or container are tampered.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	lastCollectionDate	Last collection date.
~	collectionLateThreshold	Threshold (days) since last collection date above which a collection late event is triggered.

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✓ wasteType	Indicates de type of waste in the container. Possible values are: mixed waste, organic, paper, plastics, glass, liquid, clothing, electronics, metal or other. If other is selected, then wasteOtherType shall be used.
✓ wasteOtherType	Type of waste if it is not included in the Enum list of contents for wasteType.

#	Event type	Description
~	containerTampered	Indicates that the container is being tampered, or some parts are being removed.
~	contentsTampered	Indicates that the contents are being tampered or stolen.

pH Sensor*

The pH Sensor allows to measure the pH and sends events if the value is above/below the configured thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	рН	pH value.
~	pHHighLevelThreshold	Threshold above which a pHTooHigh (too Alkaline) event is triggered.
~	pHLowLevelThreshold	Threshold below which a pHTooLow (too Acidic) event is triggered

Events

# Event typ	e Description
✓ pHTooHig	h Indicates the pH measure is above the pHHighLevelThreshold, that is too alkaline.
✓ pHTooLov	Indicates the pH measure is below the pHLowLevelThreshold, that is too acidic.

Weight Sensor[★]

The Weight Sensor function allows a CMS to monitor the weight in a device and send events in case the value is above/below configurable thresholds.

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	weightLowThreshold	Threshold (in kg) below which a weightTooLow event is triggered.
~	weightHighThreshold	Threshold (in kg) above which a weightTooHigh event is triggered.

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~	weight	Output weight in kg.
Eve	ents	
#	Event type	Description
~	weightTooLow	Indicates the output weight is below the weightLowThreshold.
~	weightTooHigh	Indicates the output weight is above the weightHighThreshold.

Gas Sensor*

The Gas Sensor function allows to measure the gas concentration and sends events if the level is above the configured thresholds.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ gasConcentration	Gas concentration (ppm)
gasHighConcentrationThreshold	Threshold (ppm) above which a gasConcentrationTooHigh event is triggered.
✓ gasName	Type of gas: CO, CO2, O2, O3, NO, NO2, SO2, NH3, CH4, H2, H2S, HCl, HCN, PH3, ETO, Other. If Other is selected, then gasOtherName shall be used.
✓ gasOtherName	Type of gas if it is not included in the Enum list of gases for gasName
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the gas sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Waste Gas Detector'
✓ gasConcentration1hAverage	Average concentration of gas measured by the sensor during the last 1 hour. (ppm)
✓ gasConcentration8hAverage	Average concentration of gas measured by the sensor during the last 8 hours. (ppm)

Events

#	Event type	Description
~	gasConcentrationTooHigh	Indicates that the gasConcentration is above the gasHighConcentrationThreshold.

Simple Actuator

The Simple Actuator function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

Attributes

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✓ defaultState	Sets the default state output for the simple actuator. This shall be applicable if the actuator is not under an override control (OverrideCommand).
✓ actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical state of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.
✓ targetCommand	Latest command for the simple actuator.
✓ feedbackCommand	This attribute reflects the command in effect and it might deviate from the actualState due to propagation time or due to internal ODN specific mechanisms to handle the priority of the requests.

#	Event type	Description
~	stateChange	The state has changed.
~	targetCommandChange	This event is generated when the targetCommand has changed.

Time*

The Time function includes attributes related to generic control and it represents the smallest unit for control purposes.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ timeZone	Time zone of the device. Time zone may be expressed in two formats. where is a time zone as defined in the zone.tab of the IANA timezone database [IANA]; and stdoffset[dst[offset][,start[/time],en d[/time]]] as defined by the Open Group for posix systems [POSIX].
✓ currentTime	Current time of the device defined as local time with time zone designator

Events

Event type Description

✓ lastSyncError This event is generated when the latest time synchronization operation failed.

Segment Monitor[★]

The Segment Monitor function enables monitoring of segment parameters. Multiple segment monitor functions may be implemented by a single device.

Attributes

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✓ applicationType	Application Type of the segment monitor depending on the use case. E.g.: "Road Lighting, Architecture Lighting"
✓ segmentReference	Reference of the segment monitor depending on the use case. E.g.: "Segment A1"
✓ numberOfLoads	Number of loads being monitored by the segment monitor function.
✓ actualState	This attribute should reflect the physical relay state (ON, OFF) of the source as much as possible. It may be calculated or measured, depending on the specific ODN implementation, which is outside the scope of this specification.

#	Event type	Description
✓	cabinetDoorOpen	Cabinet door is open. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new CabinetMonitorFunction.cabinetDoorOpen instead.]
~	circuitBreakerTripped	Indicates that the circuit breaker has tripped
~	leakageDetected	Indicates that an earth leakage fault has been detected. [DEPRECATED: This attribute has been deprecated and it will be removed in the next MAJOR release. Please use the new CabinetMonitorFunction.leakageDetected instead.]
~	localOverride	Indicates that there is a local override (ON, OFF) or no override
~	switchingErrorOff	Indicates error in switching circuit. For instance, if a contactor or relay is used, it may be stuck in OFF position.
~	switchingErrorOn	Indicates error in switching circuit. For instance, if a contactor or relay is used, it may be stuck in ON position.

Noise Monitoring Sensor*

This sensor function enables monitoring basic noise data.

Attributes

# Attribute	Description
✓ noiseHighThreshold	Threshold above which a noiseTooHigh event is triggered. (dB)
✓ noise	Output noise. (dB)
✓ applicationType	Application Type of the noise depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Street noise sensor'
✓ minMeasuredNoise	The minimum value measured by the sensor since power ON or since measuredNoiseSince. (dB)
✓ maxMeasuredNoise	The maximum value measured by the sensor since power ON or since measuredNoiseSince. (dB)

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✓ measuredNoiseSince	Indicates the date and time at which measuredNoise is reset to zero. The Gateway may change this value with the actual one depending on implementation.
✓ typeOfNoise	Indicates the type of sound of the abnormalNoiseDetected event. E.g.: gunShot, alarm, carCrash,

#	Event type	Description
~	abnormalNoiseDetected	Indicates that an abnormal noise is detected
~	noiseTooHigh	Indicates the output noise is above the noiseHighThreshold.

Atmospheric Sensor[★]

This sensor function enables monitoring basic atmospheric data such as barometric pressure, humidity, and temperature. This function complies with WMO standards as reported in the 'Guide to Instruments and Methods of Observation (WMO-No. 8) / Volume I - Measurement of Meteorological Variables'

Attributes

#	Attribute	Description
~	airTemperature	Temperature (°C)
~	feelsLikeTemperature	Feels like temperature, which take into account the cooling and heating effects of wind and humidity on the human body (°C)
~	relativeHumidity	Relative humidity (%)
~	dewPoint	Temperature of dew point (°C)
~	atmosphericPressure	Atmospheric pressure normalized to sea level (hPa)
✓	applicationType	Application Type of the atmospheric sensor depending on the use case. E.g.: 'Weather atmospheric sensor'

Services

Configuration Service

The TALQ Configuration Service enables discovery and configuration of devices and services

Options

# Option	Value Description
✓ commissioningSupported*	This ODN can support commissioning from the CMS side.

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✓ devicesPaginationSupported*

This ODN can support pagination of devices.

Control Service

The Control service describes the mechanisms to operate the actuator functions in order to enable schedule based and override control

Options

# O	ption	Value	Description
✓ su	upportedTypes	 AbsoluteActivePeriod AstroClockActivePeriod AstroClockTimeControl * ccDate* ccDay* 	Control Program and calendar options supported are defined by announcing support for the given modes
✓ m	naximumCalendars		Maximum number of calendars supported
✓ m	naximumPrograms		Maximum number of control programs supported
✓ m	naxProgramsPerCalendar		Maximum number of control programs per calendar
✓ m	naxSwitchPointsPerProgram		Maximum number of switching points per control program
✓ m	naxActivePeriodsPerProgram		Maximum number of active periods per control program
✓ da	ayOffset	• 1 • 2	Offset of start of day
✓ co	cDateSupport	• f • u • l • l	Indicates the ccDate options supported

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✓ ccDaySupport	• n	Indicates the ccDay options
ССВаубаррогі		
	• 0	supported
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✓ programSecondsSupported*

Indicates whether the field of seconds is supported in programs.

Events

#	Event Type	Description
~	invalidCalendar	An invalid calendar has been provided by the CMS to the ODN
~	invalidProgram	A control program has been provided by the CMS, which cannot be implemented by the ODN

Data Collection Service

The TALQ Data Collection Service is a provision to configure how ODN measurements, status information and events are logged, and when or under what conditions the logged data is transferred to the CMS

Options

#	Option	Value	Description
~	supportedModes	VendorRecordingModeEventRecordingModeImmediateReportingMode	Recording and Reporting modes supported

Events

#	Event Type	Description
~	invalidLoggerConfig	The CMS has provided a data logger configuration that cannot be implemented by the ODN

On Demand Data Request Service

This service provides the mechanism to access attributes in the logical devices by requesting attribute values from the ODN

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Group Management Service

This service provides the mechanisms to define and manage groups

Options

Option Value Description

Asset Management Service

The TALQ Asset Management Service provides a mechanism to transfer the types needed by the asset management functions

Test Service

This service provides a mechanism to reduce the human intervention during the certification tests, enabling the certification tests to maximise automation

Objects

Lamp type

The lamp type consists of a set of attributes that together characterize a given lamp and control gear combination. When modelling a Lighting ODN with many luminaires, there are attributes' values that are the same for many lamps, e.g.: the expected consumed power of the lamp and control gear (wattage) would be the same for many lamp monitors. The concept of LampType is created to avoid including the same attributes' values in every lamp monitor and actuator of the same type, for this reason a reference to a lamp type is included in the lamp actuator and lamp monitor functions, as these attributes are required for proper operation of these functions. Thus, the definition of lamp types enables the CMS to efficiently set attributes in many lamp actuators/monitors by just setting the address of the 'lampType' attribute in each function. Lamp types can be created by both CMS and TALQ Gateway as separate entities. The TALQ Gateway shall announce any lamp type it has to the CMS as part of the initial configuration. In addition to the initial configuration, the TALQ Gateway shall also announce the lamp type whenever it changes. The CMS may also send lamp types to the TALQ Gateway.

Properties

# Property	Description
✓ name	Descriptive name of the lamp type
✓ address	TALQ Address of the lamp type
✓ controlType	Type of control/dimming interface between the lamp actuator function and the control gear or within the control gear in case lamp actuator is embedded in the control gear

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Event log data

Event log data contains a single event, with eventType and value, in each single log entry. It also includes information about whether the log denotes the start or end of the event. Furthermore additional information can be added with the info attribute.

Properties

#	Property	Description
~	eventType	Identifier of event reported
✓	srcAddress	Address of Logical device or function within a logical device which is the source of the event or to which this event applies
~	startEndFlag	If the event denotes either the start or end of a 'special' period, this flag shall be included

Command

A command defines a type of control action that can be applied to a function. Commands can be generated by a manual override action or by a control program.

Properties

# Property	Description
✓ state	Light state to be applied to the lamp actuator
✓ reason	Indicates the command was triggered by override, sensor or control program
✓ cmsRefId	CMS reference, which can be used for data logging. The cmsRefld in a Command is a free text to be used by the CMS for any purpose e.g: to differentiate contexts. It is a token that allows the CMS to match client requests to the original notification.
✓ refAddress	Reference to the source of the command, e.g. sensor or control program
✓ start	Time when the control action resulting from command shall start. This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to start an override action. If not specified, the override command starts immediately.
✓ expiration	Time when the control action resulting from command shall be terminated. This attribute is used only with override commands to set a time to stop an override action. After the expiration of an override command, the system should go back to the state defined by the active control program. If not specified, there is no expiration for the override command.

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command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is

received, the subsequent command shall take precedence.

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~	rampToLevelTime*	The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified
		level. The change will be finished rampToLevelTime seconds after:
		the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the
		reception of the request, or the command.start time attribute, if the
		change comes from an override command, or; the sensor event is
		raised if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one

✓ rampFromLevelTime* The time (in seconds) taken for the value to ramp to the specified level. The change will be finished rampFromLevelTime seconds after: the scheduled time if the change comes from a control program; the reception of the request if the change comes from an override command; expiry of the related command, or; the sensor event is lowered and the hold time subsequently expires if the control is sensor-based. If actions related to one command remain to be completed when a subsequent command is received, the

subsequent command shall take precedence.

Group

A group is set of entities that can be addressed by the same group address. Devices and functions within devices can be assigned to a group. A group may also include other groups as members.

Properties

#	Property	Description
~	address	Group address
~	members	TALQ Addresses of members of the group

: The Certification Test Tool is designed to provide a high level of confidence that complementary systems can communicate successfully. As both the protocol and the test tool evolve, all mandatory and other core tests are confirmed by comparison with real-life scenarios (plug-fest or similar). Some tests of optional and more peripheral features may not yet have been confirmed in this way; such features are identified with an asterisk ().

This Capability List is based on a certification session performed by the TALQ Certification Tool (v2.6.2-online.6) on 2025-06-11 14:17:32.302 +0300.

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